THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER,
A Democratic Family Journal,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING,
BY HENRY J. STAHLE.

"Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail."

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 50 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearges are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

What We Want.

IF YOU WANT a cheap Hat buy it of
H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT a Fashionable Hat always buy it of
H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT a Hat of any kind for less money than anybody else will sell it for, be sure to buy it of
H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT good Shoes for Ladies or children, don't be humbugged with damaged auction goods, but buy of
H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT Shoes or Boots, "that are shoes and boots worth talking about," and no "cheating trash, buy them of
H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT Overshirts, Drawers, Umbrellas or anything in his line, buy of
H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT to be dealt fairly with, get the worth of your money and not be cheated, always buy of
H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT a pair of real Number One Heavy Winter Boots, don't buy before you see the superior article for sale by
H. B. WOODS.

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!

HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.—Having just returned from the City, with a splendid assortment of DRY GOODS, I am now prepared to offer greater inducements to buyers than ever before. My stock consists of every description of Dress Goods, plain and fancy; Cloths, Cassimeres, Muslins, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, &c.

—ALSO—

In connection with my Dry Goods, I have opened in an adjoining room a large stock of HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, which I will sell very cheap. Children's Shoes as low as 42½ cents, and other goods at corresponding rates. My stock is well selected, and the most complete yet offered. Give us a call and examine for yourselves. No trouble to show Goods.

SEWING MACHINES.

We are also agent for the Florence Sewing Machine, which is acknowledged to be the best in use. It is the latest improved machine out, having the REVERSABLE FEED, giving it an advantage over all other machines.—Call and see them.
M. SPANGLER.
Oct. 8, 1866

Swan's Grocery.

JOHN M. SWAN has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH GROCERIES, at his Store on the corner of the public Square, in Gettysburg,

SUGARS.

The finest lot of Sugars ever brought to Gettysburg, and very cheap.

COFFEE.

His Coffee is superior to any offered in the place. If you don't believe it come and see.

MOLASSES.

If you want the best Syrups and Molasses in town you will find them at Swan's.

QUEENSWARE, &c.

His stock of Queensware, Dishes, Lamps, &c., is full, cheap and good. Every style and price.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

His Cigars and Tobacco are of superior quality. Acknowledged by good judges to be the best in the market.

CANDIES AND NOTIONS.

Particular attention paid to this department. A full supply of Candies, Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy articles, in short any and everything usually found in a first class Grocery. In laying in my stock I was careful to know what I was buying, and am now prepared to sell not only GOOD Groceries, but to sell them very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.
JOHN M. SWAN.
Nov. 5, 1866.

The Old System

OF HIGH PRICES VETOED
BY NORRIS,

At his new cheap Clothing, Hat, Cap, Boot, Shoe and Variety Store, on Chambersburg street, next door to Buehler's Drug Store, Gettysburg, Pa.

The public will find at this Store, the largest and most fashionable assortment of Gentlemen's and Boy's wear, in Adams county.

OVER COATS.

Beaver Overcoats, Petersham Overcoats, Seal Skin Overcoats, Cloth Overcoats, Esquimaux Beaver Overcoats, etc., etc.

DRESS AND BUSINESS COATS!

Black Cloth Dress and Sack Coats,
Cassimere Sack and Frock Coats,
Knit Woolen Union Coats and Jackets.

PANTS AND VESTS!

Black Cloth Pantaloons,
Black Cassimere Pantaloons,
Fancy Cassimere Pantaloons,
Harris Cassimere Pantaloons,
Black Cloth Vests,
Silk Grenadine Vests,
Plush and Satinet Vests, &c.

HATS AND CAPS.

Resorte Hats,	Silk Dress Hats,	Dexter Hats,
Driving Hats,	Clipper Hats,	French Hats,
Dasher Hats,	Broadway Hats,	Plush Hats,
Morton Hats,	Brighton Hats,	Mincio Hats,
Croquet Hats,	Bismark Hats,	Peto Hats,
Warwick Hats,	Metropolitan Hats,	U. S. A. Hats,
Dunkard Hats,	Cassimere Hats,	etc., etc.
Velvet Caps,	Cassimere Caps,	Fur Caps,
Cloth Caps,	McClellan Caps,	Navy Caps,
Scotch Caps,	Petersham Caps,	Boy's Caps,
Plush Cap,	Just the Thing Caps,	etc., etc.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Men's Calf Skin Boots,
Men's Heavy Boots,
Boy's Jockey Boots,
Sporting Boots,
Men's Coarse Shoes,
Men's Calf Skin Shoes,
Boy's Fine Shoes,
U. S. Army Shoes,
Gentlemen's Slippers,
Gum Overshoes, etc., etc.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

White Linen Shirts, Cassimere Shirts, Linen and Paper Collars, Neck Ties and Butterflies, Handkerchiefs, Woolen and Cotton Stockings, Gloves, Buckskin Gauntlets and Gloves, Woolen Drawers and Undershirts, Scarfs and Comforts, Suspenders, Umbrellas, Canes, Valises, Trunks, Red Flannel Woolen Drawers, &c.

The above mentioned articles can always be found at the CHEAP STORE of
T. C. NORRIS,
Chambersburg st., next door to Buehler's.
Nov. 19, 1866.

NEW GOODS,

LATEST ARRIVAL.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS

Have just received a large and complete assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

of every style and at all prices, to which the attention of buyers is directed. Those in want of good Goods at the lowest possible rates should not fail to give us an early call.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.
Oct. 8, 1866.

GO to DUPHORN & HOFFMAN'S, to buy your Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware, &c., on the northwest Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

Gettysburg Compiler.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, FEB. 18, 1867. 43TH YEAR.—NO. 21.

Professional Cards.

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞Apply to him personally or by letter.
Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.
Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.
Gettysburg, March 20.

Law Partnership.

W. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.
April 3, 1865. tf

Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him
Oct. 3, 1864. tf

Dr. T. O. Kinzer,

HAVING located permanently at BONAUGHTOWN, Adams county, will attend promptly to all professional calls, day or night. Office at John Landis's, where he can always be found, unless professionally engaged.
Aug. 6, 1866. 1y

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. [Apr. 2, '66. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal's

OFFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov. 30, 1863. tf

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. M. L. Stover.
Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

DENTIST.

Keystone House,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.—*WM. E. MYERS, Proprietor.*

This is a new House, fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant, central and convenient. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests. The Table will always have the best of the market, and the Bar the best of wines and liquors.

There is commodious Stabling attached, with an accommodating ostler always on hand.

This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and a share of patronage is solicited. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction.
Jan. 14, 1867. tf

Globe Inn,

YORK ST., NEAR THE DIAMOND,

GETTYSBURG, PA.—The undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive hostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square.
SAMUEL WOLF.
April 4, 1864. tf

Battle-field Hotel.

THIS Hotel, being one of the relics of the Battle of Gettysburg, has been renovated and refurnished, and is ready to entertain travellers and the public generally. It being a short distance from the Soldiers' National Cemetery, it affords convenient accommodations for all visiting there, and the subscriber flatters himself that none shall leave him dissatisfied.

Also, Ice Cream and all kinds of refreshments, at all hours, to accommodate promenaders. Give me a call.
JOSEPH LITTLE, Proprietor.
Gettysburg, May 21, 1866. tf

Railroad House,

NEAR THE DEPOT,
HANOVER, YORK CO., PA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Hotel in Hanover, near the Depot, formerly kept by Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will give general satisfaction. His table will have the best the markets can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of choice wines and liquors. There is stabling for horses attached to the Hotel. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible.—He asks a share of the public patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember the Railroad House, near the Depot Hanover, Pa.
A. P. BAUGHER.
Oct. 3, 1865. tf

Still at Work!

THE undersigned continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg.

NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.

FALLING-TOP AND STANDING TOP BUGGIES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

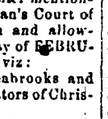
Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS for sale.
JACOB TROXEL.

PORCELAIN PICTURES, at the Excelsior Gallery, are superb and furnished at one third city prices. Call and examine specimens.
C. J. TYSON.

Orphans' Court Sale.

ON FRIDAY, the 22d day of FEBRUARY next, in pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, granted to the undersigned, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, the Real Estate of Peter Baker, deceased, consisting of

A FARM, situate partly in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, and partly in Franklin county, Pa., adjoining lands of Lazarus Baker, Walter Wayaman, George Douse, Henry Caufman, John Caufman and Leonard Caufman, containing 200 Acres, more or less, improved with a One and a Half Story LOG HOUSE, Log Bank Barn, Spring House, &c. A fair proportion of the tract is well timbered.



☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by
DANIEL BALDWIN.
Jan. 21, 1867. ts

Public Sale.

ON TUESDAY, the 19th day of FEBRUARY next, the undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, between the State and Hunterstown roads, and about one mile west of Mount Rock, the following Personal Property, viz:

3 excellent WORK HORSES, (one being a young mare with foal,) 1 yearling Colt, 4 Milch Cows, 3 Heifers, 1 Bull, 1 heavy Three-horse Wagon and Bed, Threshing Machine and Horse Power, Winnowing Mill, Ploughs, Harrows, Chains, Halter and Cow Chains, Rakes, Forks, Spreaders, Double and Single-trees, all kinds of Horse Gears, with many other articles, not specified.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by
PETER STRASBAUGH.
January 28, 1867. ts

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on TUESDAY, the 26th day of FEBRUARY, 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

3. The account of Wm. C. Seabrooks and Emanuel Overholtzer, Administrators of Christian Overholtzer, deceased.

4. The Account of Michael W. Mumper, Testamentary Trustee under the will of Rev. John Albert, deceased, of Hiram Albert.

5. The second account of Andrew Bittinger and John Bittinger, Executors of Jacob Bittinger, late of Franklin township, deceased.

6. The first and final account of George W. Harman, Executor of Jacob Mortorff, dec'd.

7. The second and final account of Henry Thomas and Margaret Lockhart, Administrators of David Lockhart, deceased.

8. The fourth account of Frederick Dellone, surviving Executor of the last will and testament of John Dellone, deceased.

9. The second account of Amos Schlosser, Executor of the last will and testament of Charles Showers, deceased.

W. D. HOLTZWORTH,
Jan. 28, 1867. Register.

Notice.

IN the Orphans' Court of Adams county.—And now, to wit, January 25th, 1867, on motion of M. & W. McClean, Attornies, the Court order and decree distribution of the balance on the first and final account of Isaac Lightner, Esq., Administrator of the estate of Rev. Jacob Bear, deceased, according to statement filed in said Court, unless exceptions are filed prior to the 26th day of February inst., (1867,) of which all persons interested will take notice.

By the Court.
Attest:—A. W. MINTER, Clerk.
February 4, 1867. 3t

Notice.

WHEREAS my wife, Lydia Ann Krumrine, has left my bed and board without any cause, I hereby notify the public not to trust her on my account, as I will not pay any debts she may contract.
EDWARD KRUMRINE.
Union tp., Feb. 4, 1867. 3t*

Forwarding and Commission House.

FLOUR AND FEED.
GRAIN AND GROCERIES.

Having purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c, heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

☞A regluar line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 105 North Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.
CULP & EARNSHAW.
Aug. 13, 1866.

Tin Ware and Stoves.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he still continues the business of making

ALL KINDS OF GOOD TIN WARE,

at the old stand (formerly Andrew Polley's,) in York street, Gettysburg, where he has the largest assortment of tin ware in the county, with many other articles for kitchen use, &c.

Also, COOKING STOVES & NINE-PLATE STOVES, of the very best kinds.
S. G. COOK.
Mar. 13, 1865. tf

At the Old Business.

LEWIS KUMMERANT has re-commenced the TAILORING business, in Chambersburg street, between Washington and West streets, Gettysburg, and asks a share of the custom of the public. His long experience in the business enables him to guarantee good fits and good work, whilst the latest fashions will be consulted in cutting whenever desired. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction, and he feels sure that all who patronize him will be satisfied. His prices for work are as low as they can possibly be to afford him an economical living, and no one could in reason ask them to be any less. He asks his old friends to give him a call, as well as the public generally.
Nov. 12, 1866.

Iron—Iron—Iron!

GETTYSBURG FORGE.

The subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have erected a Forge in connection with their Steam Mill, and are now manufacturing

FORGED AND HAMMERED IRON,

such as Plough, Horse-shoe and Bar Iron, and respectfully invite Blacksmiths and Dealers to give them a call, feeling satisfied that they will be able to please as to quality, finish and price.
BRINGMAN & WARREN.

N. B.—The highest market price paid for wrought and scrap iron. B. & W.
Dec. 17, 1866.

IN order to prove the assertions made in favor of procuring PHOTOGRAPHS at the Excelsior Gallery, call and sit for your PICTURE. No charge will be made unless you are pleased with the result and choose to leave your order.
D. J. TYSON.

Selected Poetry.

THE UNDER DOG IN THE FIGHT.

BY DAVID BARKER.

I know that the world, that the great, big world,
From the peasant up to the king,
Has a different tale from the tale I tell,
And a different song to sing.

But for ME, and I care not a single fig,
If they say I am wrong or am right—
I shall always go for the WEAKER dog,
For the under dog in the fight.

I know that the world, that the great, big world,
Will never a moment stop
To see which dog may be in the fault,
But will shout for the dog on top.

But for ME, I never shall pause to ask
Which dog may be in the right,
For my heart WILL beat, while it beats at all,
For the UNDER dog in the fight.

Perchance what I've said I had better not said,
Or 'twere better I had said it in-og,
But with heart and with glass filled chock to the brim,
Here's a health to the BOTTOM dog.

Choice Miscellany.

CIRCUMSTANTIAL TESTIMONY.

A STRANGE STORY.

EDS. COM.—Every man is interested in the faithful administration of the law, and every case in which its full vigor has been expended should be carefully scrutinized—as when life is taken no remedy is left the State, and no reparation can be made. Markley was executed at Frederick City, Maryland, in the summer of 1830, for the murder of seven persons—his uncle and aunt and three children; his aunt's father and mother. His guilt was so clearly established that no man in a populous city and county doubted it, yet upon the gallows and for days before the execution, he persisted in his innocence. The execution was public, in the presence of a very large concourse of citizens—the attending clergyman, after the rope was adjusted, returned three times, and each time received the same answer. "I never murdered them, nor do I know who did." This answer was made known to the crowd each time, and not one human being present but was convinced that, to special cruelty, was added a stolidity and stubbornness, never before manifested in man. His body was given to surgeons as soon as removed from the gallows, and in an adjoining barracks (built by the English before the Revolution,) was publicly dissected, in the presence of a number of physicians and medical students, (of whom the writer was one,) and the entire day given to anatomical demonstrations, by medical gentlemen selected for the purpose. No man objected, no friend asked for the body, and but one human being on earth then lived who knew that Markley was innocent, and he was silent then, but an important witness during the trial. No man will doubt the fairness of the trial when I mention the fact that Judges Buchanan and Shriver presided, and the bar of Frederick was second to none in the Union. James Dixon, Esq., was prosecutor, and the Sleighs were attorneys for defense. The jury did not leave the box, and in the sentence Chief Justice Buchanan, with tears, asserted his full assent to the verdict of guilty, and said that in a long life he had never heard so atrocious a case.

We will now detail preliminaries and give the testimony of one witness, from whose statements there could be but one conclusion and that of guilty:

The prisoner was an orphan, and by the court was bound to his uncle for a term of years, in the usual manner, to receive certain education, and at his majority to have a certain sum of money. The boy was indisposed to go to school and was idle, yet was not regarded as vicious. Living in the country, and in a family where every moral duty was illustrated, and where kindness was the ruling element, he had nearly completed his apprenticeship, without any special objections being formed by his uncle or aunt, and possibly had not the loss of thirty-five dollars been discovered and traced to the boy, all would have gone on well until he had filled the time of his indenture. This was the youth's only offense, and after a full confession, was heartily forgiven, and as far as the family knew, the fact was confined to themselves, and almost forgotten. By means as yet unknown, the fact became known, and the uncle was summoned before the grand jury, and was compelled to testify to the truth, and in despite of his entreaties that the affair should be regarded as a youthful indiscretion, a "true bill for larceny" was found, the boy arrested, thrown into jail, and convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for three years.

He was taken to the penitentiary, and notwithstanding the most solemn assurances of his uncle and aunt, that they were not culpable in the exposure, and deeply sympathized with him in his punishment, he believed they were not sincere, and said it was done to avoid the payment of his "freedom money." He regarded them as his worst enemies, and as they were the only witnesses, swore to be avenged upon his discharge from prison. His uncle could not make him comprehend the duty of a witness, and parted with in tears, not more from the disgrace of the boy, than from the sorrow that he should feel as he did toward a family whose hearts bled at the misfortune of their relative. Anxious to disabuse his mind, he visited the prison, and returned sorrowing that his nephew should, even after time should have mollified his feelings, still hold him responsible and to the last threaten his life and that of his entire family. He would be revenged, and it should be summary and sure. So frequently, before his confinement in the Penitentiary, were these threats made as to be known to many persons, and every man from this neighborhood, who was permitted by the rules of the prison to visit Markley, heard from him the same threats, and spoke of them publicly. If the uncle ever entertained fears, he never spoke of them and time passed to the completion of the term of the nephew's sentence, when immediately thereafter, on a Saturday night, the uncle's house was discovered to be on fire, and, before any help could reach, was burned with the entire contents. No soul was left alive to tell the sad tale of their deaths, and on examination of their charred remains, every one was found with the skull cleft. This left no room to doubt that the entire family had been murdered and the house burned to conceal the fact. In a community where crime is almost unknown every member was on the alert to discover the murderer, and the threats of young Markley had their potential significance.

His dismissal from prison was ascertained; more than that he was seen near the farm but two days before the fire, and, after an inquest, the Governor offered a reward of one thousand dollars, and bills were posted describing the supposed murderer. No means were left untried. Baltimore was patrolled, and orders given that every vessel leaving for foreign or coast trade should be overhauled, and yet without avail. Special police visited other States. Cities were placarded with descriptions, and individuals joined the State and county in swelling the reward to such sums as called on hundreds to quit ordinary avocations and turn special attention to hunting the murderer. The South Mountain was near the farm of the uncle. Old hunters who had hunted foxes and catamounts, explored caves and caverns never before visited by man. All failed, and for three years no means were left untried. So great a crime had, perhaps, never been committed in the State. Meetings in every county and large city in the State were held, and the executor of the estate of the uncle offered (as there were no immediate heirs) the entire farm for the discovery of the murderer, and no one doubted who he was.

Three years thus passed, when news reached the settlement that young Markley had been arrested, down on the North Carolina coast, near Ocracoke Inlet, where he had been for three years engaged in fishing. Perhaps no class of human beings are more depraved and secluded than the fisherman of the coast. Early in February the shad approach this coast, and from then until May, are caught in large numbers, by men who have no earthly ties, and know no homes but their huts, and spend their leisure in drinking. But few survive two years, yet this healthy young man was in the third year of dissipation and exposure, and survived. How he was identified, was never known. He was brought to Frederick City and placed in jail. He admitted he saw the house on fire, but denied any knowledge of the deaths or the causes of them. At the next session of the court, he was indicted for the murder of seven persons, and the trial was short, the proofs conclusive, and sentence followed.

Before proceeding further I must introduce the principal witness, a young lady named Susan. She was raised by the family, and was not related to them—the child of a dear friend of the aunt, and was an orphan. She had grown to womanhood without feeling her orphanage or dependence, and was more an equal and companion of Mrs. Markley, than a dependant. Her hand was solicited in marriage by several young men, and by none so importunately as a widower named P——, who owned the adjoining farm, and between whom and Mr. Markley there had been a lawsuit involving the title to a mountain lot of wood, and the suit resulted in favor of Mr. Markley. Except this one suit there was known no cause of disagreement between these neighbors, and the grown children of Mr. P. visited the Markleys after the suit as before, *the father never*, yet he embraced every opportunity to address Susan. She declined his addresses, as she did others, alleging she never would quit the home where she found those as near and dear as her own mother and father, and as now the cares of children were added to the anxieties attendant upon the increasing years of Mrs. Markley's parents (living with them,) she could not think of deserting aunt, as she called Mrs. Markley. Such was Susan, and such was the relation between her and the Markley family.

She appeared in court in the deepest mourning, and, although three years had elapsed—the presence of the supposed murderer—the recollection of past scenes and the horrid murder of those who were more than parents—her all in the world, so overcame her, that the court granted her full time to relieve her feelings, and every heart sympathized with the double and distressed orphan. I will not detail her entire testimony, but the part most interesting and damning in the case. She said, on the day of the murder her uncle, aunt and herself had gone to Frederick, and in the afternoon she and her aunt were in Mr. Fisher's jewelry store looking at some jewelry, when her uncle passed by. They called him in and her aunt begged him to buy a breast pin for her (Susan.) He refused, alleging that he had just paid his taxes and had spent all of his money, and seemed angry at the increase of taxes over the year before, asserting that the farmers could scarcely pay them from the proceeds of the farm, and hurried them up to get ready to return home, as it was Saturday, and many things were to be done preparatory to the Sabbath. He requested them to remain there, and he would bring the carriage, and they would start home from there. They started, and on the way home she and aunt plagued uncle about the pin, jesting him about people feeling so poor, and kept up a running conversation about people getting avaricious as they grew older, and he (uncle) evidently showed sorrow for not having purchased the pin. "It was the first request he ever refused me, and showed regret at his petulance." Immediately after reaching home, he went up stairs for some tools, and brought down a remnant of a vest, and asked aunt if she remembered it. She replied it was his wedding vest. It was made of a very thin changeable silk, and was worn out around the pockets and collar. He called it his new vest and said he would wear it to church the next day. She or aunt told him it was too much worn, and bantered him to bet them the breastpin mentioned, that they would so mend the rents and repair it as that he would not wear it to church with his coat unbuttoned. He accepted the bet, and went out. After supper, aunt got down a bag containing scraps and pieces, and she and I cut out the worn parts of the vest and together patched it with a piece of blood red flannel. Uncle's bed was in the sitting-room, and before we had completed the vest, and made it as ridiculous as possible, he, as was his custom, went to bed. After completing the vest, we hung it on the bed post, so he would see it the first thing in the morning, and we both believed he would not wear it.

At this point, a vest found in young Markley's bundle when arrested, was handed to her, and before unrolling it she described the manner in which the patches were cut, and with what kind of dark and coarse thread they were inserted. She was nearly overcome when she unrolled the vest; and here, as she had described, was the identical vest, *patched as she had described.* It was the vest that she had hung on the bed post, and with it came a crowd of associations too great for the poor heart-broken girl. She sobbed aloud, and every eye in that Court-house but the prisoner's and neighbor P——'s was bedewed with tears. It was in proof that it was found in a small bundle of clothes in the possesion of Markley when he was arrested. This, with his having been seen near the house two days before; his many and reiterated threats; his knowledge of the house, &c., confirmed the opinion of all that he was the guilty one. In answer to his attorney where he got the vest, he could only say, "*he did not know.*" To have carried a vest not worth five cents for three years and hundreds of miles—never to have worn it, (nor could he—it was too large) was alleged by all as special directions of Providence, leading to his conviction and punishment for the crime of "murder most foul."

Susan was recalled—"Where were you during the remainder of the night that you escaped the fire?" She answered, "After placing the vest on the bed post, I assisted aunt to do some mending, and after we had finished everything and sitting by the fire talking and laughing over uncle's surprise, when he would see the vest in the morning, we heard a rapping at the front door, and we went with the candle to see who was there. We found a son and daughter of our next neighbor, Mr. P——, who had come over to get me to stay with them. They said their father sent them, as he had just heard that his father (living some ten miles distant) was taken suddenly ill and he must go down to see him, and requested them to go over and have me stay with them during the night. I had often done so, and throwing on a bonnet and shawl went with them. During the night we were awakened by old Mr. P——, who had returned, as he said, from his father's, and saw then the house was on fire—hurried over; but never saw any one of the family alive. Several men were there, but so thoroughly on fire was the house that none of us dared venture within it." The testimony of the coroner and the party arresting young Markley, closed the case, and resulted as I have already said—*and Markley was executed denying any knowledge of the murder*—but confessed seeing the house on fire, and leaving the country, because of the house being burnt, fearing he might be accused of it, and solemnly asserting that he never knew a murder had been committed, or *that the house had been set on fire* until after his arrest. He admitted he had been in the neighborhood several days; had slept around on hay-lofts and was anxious to return to his uncle's, but feared to do so; had a little money and got some slaves to purchase him whiskey, and spent his time in the negro quarters, afraid or ashamed to return to his uncle's. He often hoped he could meet some of the family, either his aunt or Susan, and feared his uncle. All that he regretted was that he did not go at once to his uncle's and stay with him. He went to Baltimore after seeing the house on fire, traveling by nights only; got aboard a coasting vessel, went South as a fisherman, and that was all he knew about it until after his arrest.

Before his execution he became very fat—and up to the last moment denied knowing anything of the murder or arson—seemed sorry for his uncle's and aunt's deaths—acknowledged he had made threats—confessed to having stolen the money for which he was convicted; and asserted he had no ill feelings against the aged members of the family, and dearly loved the children. He could easily be brought to tears when spoken to about the horrible tragedy, and manifested but little fear or anxiety about the future. The general impression was he would confess under the gallows, and that he was a hardened criminal indifferent to his fate—but at the last, when he saw no hope of pardon, would confess the entire crime, and not till he saw no means of escape would he confess. All were disappointed, and to this moment, thousands regard him as the most debased, hardened wretch known to crime. The clergyman who visited him urged in the strongest terms his full confession, and was pained after each visit to report no progress in his moral condition. He heard but the same statements; could not break the thread of the denial, could not embarrass him by questions, and felt fully convinced the poor miserable creature died with a "lie in his mouth." This accounts for his frequent return to the trap door immediately before the execution. I doubt not he felt more anguish and sorrow than poor Markley, and on his kneese he could but pray for forgiveness of the guilt, yet could not but be satisfied at the justice of the punishment. He felt—he knew, he was guilty, yet failed to reach the recess of the soul of the dying man, and believed, with all the denials of the guilt, that Markley added bold, impudent lies to a crime without a parallel in the history of that State. He was a Christian and knew the power of confession and contrition. He could make no promises to one who would not confess—who showed no contrition—for there is none for such. He could only say, "God be merciful to him a sinner," without any assurances that his prayer could be heard, or would be answered. He hoped on until the last moment, and left him with his God, without one assurrance of future bliss or one hope of pardon. He knew if he could but open the secret recesses of his guilty heart, could but melt down his stubborn soul, could but get him to feel that he had committed a crime against humanity and the Supreme Being, that there were promises for even Markley, with the blood of seven souls upon his skirts; but to hear his denials, and, in most dogged terms, assert his innocence, his defiance of law, and more, the injustice of his punishment, was more than he could bear, and parted with him as one for whom in God's infinite mercy there is no place; nothing but "wrath, and a looking forward to a fiery and just indignation." This occurred in 1830. More than a quarter of a century after, the writer met, in Washington City, a resident of Maryland he had not seen for twenty years. He is a physician and surgeon of most excellent reputation. His rides are extensive, and although he does not reside in Frederick County, has much surgical practice there. On retiring to bed after a pleasant afternoon with my friend, we were compelled, from the crowd, (being at the house of a mutual friend) to sleep together, and I "asked him how long it had been since the same thing had occurred. We reckoned up the time and found it was at the period of the execution of Markley. When this time was judged the period, he spoke hurriedly and said: "Do you know that poor fellow was innocent?" The question brought me from bed, and there in the stillness of our room, "the doctor" detailed the following facts:

"I shall never forget that night. I sympathized with Markley on the gallows. I pitied him then, and never more fervently implored pardon for his horrible crime, but when I heard and was convinced he was innocent, every sentiment of sorrow I ever conceived crowded upon me, and I resolved if by detailing these facts some other poor outcast could be spared from a punishment he did not merit, I would do a duty to my fellow man. This is my motive, and if my friend, the doctor, should peruse these pages, he will forgive the publication by one who feels a duty he cannot avoid. Besides, a brother of Markley is buried in my town. He died without knowing the fate of an elder brother, but for the sake of one who faithfully performed his duty, although *a maniac*, these lines are written.

THE DOCTOR'S STATEMENT.

"I was sent for to see the Mr. P., (mentioned in the preceding part of this narrative,) in consultation with Dr. J., of Frederick city. After learning the history of the case I expressed regret that I should have been called so great a distance without any prospect of doing any good. He was excessively emaciated, was hypochondriacal and for weeks refused food. His physician and family had urged every argument to induce him to eat; had on many occasions forced him from his bed into a carriage; had, indeed, kept him traveling for several weeks; had brought to bear upon him all moral influences, to break in upon his morbid fancies and supposed imaginative sufferings, to no avail. The diagnosis was softening of the brain; prognosis, death. He had been frankly informed but the day before I was summoned to see him of these opinions, and thus was induced to request my advice. I heard with interest all the statements made by his son and daughter, as well as the physician, and, without arrogating to myself any special credit, I could not bring *my mind to their conclusions.* Here was a man who lived in a section of country proverbial for health and longevity; his mind had never been overtaxed; his pursuits had been farming, and as far as I knew, or could ascertain, nothing ever in his long life had greatly excited him. The loss of his wife did not greatly depress him. He was prosperous; his eldest daughter remained to cheer and comfort him, and his eldest son, with his family, occupied the homestead, and the relations of the family had been, and were then, most pleasant. *He could not sleep without powerful anodynes.* Without knowing why, and you know it has frequently happened you in your practice, I conceived the idea there was more in the case than physical suffering or physical change, and my questions to him were pointed and searching, so much so that I found that I was on the right track, and he seemed conscious of my possessing power over him. I told him frankly I was not satisfied with all the statements made, but believed there were other and deeper causes of his suffering. He said, pointing to his heart, that it was there. I said, it may be there, and no doubt is there, but it is not in the organ itself; it is in the emotions, and feelings, and acts that are supposed by some physicians *to be traced to the heart;* and so believing I knew he had not treated his family and physician fairly in withholding from them anything that could throw light on his singular affliction, and with emphasis said, *you must confide in me and tell me all.* He asked me the duties of physicians as recipients of secrets, and I repeated that noble oath of Hippocrates, and said to him, all properly educated men in the profession regarded it with a sacredness; that it could not be trespassed upon by courts, kings, or princes; and in his case I should be governed by its obligations. This was all he wanted, and requesting the room to be cleared and closed, he asked me to get pen and paper and write down what he was about to tell me. And premising his remarks particularly with the injunction of secrecy during his life, and having received my promise that it should be obeyed in every particular, he commenced by asking me if I remembered the murder of the Markley family, and the execution of the nephew for the murder? I told him I did most vividly. With much feeling he then said: I committed that murder, and Markley was innocent. Now, Doctor, write down what I tell you, and after I am dead, if you think it right, and if the feelings and interests of others will justify it, I desire its publication. I heard young Markley was in the neighborhood, skulking about barns and negro quarters, and sought him. I invited him to come to my house, or rather to sleep in my barn, and furnished him with food and whiskey for two days before the murder. On Saturday evening I told my family I heard of my father's illness, and that I would ride down to see him. I had often done so. I requested my son and daughter to go over to Markley's and get *Susan to come over and spend the night with them.* This, also, was usual. I waited until I saw them reach my house, and going to Markley's, got his ax, went to his room, and with one blow dispatched him, and with a second, his wife. With the same ax I killed the three children; and while debating how to proceed in regard to the two old people, who slept up stairs, I heard a step on the stairs, and there encountered the old man, slew him, walked up stairs and killed the old lady. I then set to work to fire the house in several places; did so, and as I was about to leave, saw the vest on the foot of the bed, mentioned by Susan, rolled it up, put it in my pocket and rode home. I awaited the full blaze of the house before I awoke young Markley, who was sleeping in my barn, and

The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, Feb. 18, 1867.

A GLIMMER OF HOPE.

For nearly two years the Radicals have kept the country in a state of doubt and uncertainty by hindering the judicious policy devised by a patriotic President for the speedy restoration of the constitutional relations of the seceded States, and now, when the people absolutely demand peace and reconciliation in some shape, they find themselves all at sea, totally unable to agree upon anything even looking towards restoration. The pet measure of Mr. Stevens for the "reconstruction" of the Southern States, introduced in the early part of the session, was buried in the "tomb of the capulets," a short time ago, by a decided vote, to the infinite chagrin of the "great commoner." Another bill introduced by him as Chairman of the Committee on Reconstruction, and doubtless intended as a substitute for the former bill, providing for the establishment of a military despotism over the Southern States, is likely to meet with no better fate. When, on Friday week, he moved the previous question on this bill, intending to force it through under the party lash, there were but 61 votes cast to sustain him to 98 (including the Democrats,) against him. So the previous question was not seconded.

The power of Stevens and his fellow-conspirators is evidently breaking. This will be hailed as good news by all the true friends of liberty in this country. The death of the Radical party will be the salvation of the nation. Courage, then, freemen, there is hope ahead—the priceless heritage of liberty bequeathed to us by our fathers may yet be saved.

WHAT THE ARMY THINKS.

Gen. Halpine, "Private Miles O'Reiley," who delivered the Poem at the laying of the corner-stone of the National Monument here, writes from Washington to his paper as follows, and we commend what he says to the especial attention of the "Boys in Blue:"

As to army opinion here, I am very sure that it is opposed to the impeachment scheme, and on this point cannot well be mistaken, for I have conversed with half a dozen of the leading lights in the world of shoulder straps. Grant, Sheridan, Sherman and Thomas have been unusually demonstrative of late in paying respect to the President; and while it is possible that one of these (but not probable) may be carrying water on both shoulders, I have pretty absolute certainty that the others are opposed to Uncle Thad's continued persecution of our Chief Magistrate, regarding such action as at war with national dignity, dangerous to the peace of the country, and not called for by necessity, political or moral, of a gravity to justify so extreme a course.

DEMOCRATIC VICTORY!

The Reading Democracy, on the 8th instant, elected their Mayor by 326 majority; Treasurer by 666; Auditor by 340; the two Constables by 490 and 447, and all their ward officers in six out of nine wards. Including the old members the new Councils stand: Select, 6 Democrats to 3 Radicals; Common, 14 Democrats to 6 Radicals. This is a most notable triumph, indeed. In 1864 Lincoln had 94 majority in Reading, and last fall Geary had 15 majority. We welcome the capital of "ault Berks" into the white man's line.

☞The Judiciary Committee of the Rump have already asked for ten thousand dollars ($10,000) to pay expenses in the preliminary examination of witnesses in the impeachment case. If it has cost ten thousand dollars merely for the preliminaries, what will it cost when the committee get rightly to work? But, of course the kind of testimony brought before the committee is costly. So Joe Holt found it, at least, in the Conover affair. About the best thing the President could do would be to disperse the whole plundering, squandering crew, who are filling their own and their friends' pockets in this manner out of the Federal Treasury.

☞Radical newspapers being now engaged in scraping together accounts of all the crimes committed in the South, and in manufacturing stories when truth fails, the *World* shows that, by the last census, Massachusetts had 12,700 convictions of crime for 1,231,000 population, which is one convict to one hundred citizens; whilst Alabama had only 179 convictions to 964,000 population, or one conviction out of 5,390 people.

☞A correspondent of Forney's *Press* says that three appointments in the city of Philadelphia, which are in the gift of Governor Geary, have not yet been filled. The number of applicants is *five thousand*. Think of it. The hero of Snicksgraville daily bored by *five thousand* hungry Radicals, and only *three* loaves and *many a* fish to distribute among them.

☞If the Republican business men want their stocks depreciated, their business prostrated and the country, generally, sent headlong to the d—l, let them keep on encouraging their radical Congressmen with their impeachment programme. Keep the Union in an unsettled condition a year or two longer and you will accomplish the above result, without a doubt. If you can stand it, we presume Democrats can.

☞Massachusetts wants the Rump to put a tariff on ice. Last year Boston alone exported to ports southward and to foreign countries ice to the value of one million dollars. A cotemporary thinks that after this cool request the Yankees will ask for a tax on air and water.

One Hundred Per Cent.—A correspondent writing to the Boston *Post*, states that a woolen manufactory at Winooski Falls, Vt., has for several years past declared yearly dividends of one hundred per cent, but the fact has never been published, owing to the owners, who are few in number, not allowing it to get into the newspapers. And yet this class of manufacturers are clamoring for higher duties, that the people may pay still more fabulous prices for their manufactured goods.

☞A woman in Detroit sold her rag bag for one dollar, and afterward remembered she had deposited $190 in it for safe keeping.

"PROTECTING AMERICAN INDUSTRY."

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* (a Radical sheet) shows how the tariff bill now pending in the Rump House was gotten up. He says:

"The ingenious feature of the bill is the manner in which special interests have been protected by it. This can best be explained by actual illustration. In the whole United States there is just one nickel factory, employing a capital of say two hundred thousand dollars and a force of about fifty workmen. It is located in New Jersey. The proprietors of this establishment go to their New Jersey Senators and say to them that they must get 'protection.' The Pennsylvania Senators say: 'We can't vote to protect such an interest as that; all we want is an iron and coal tariff.' 'Very well,' says New Jersey, 'if you don't protect my nickel factory I'll vote against your coal mines and iron factories.' And so, in order to get the Jersey votes, a tariff of forty per cent. is laid on nickel. Now it happens that nickel is a material very extensively used in this country, forming a large ingredient in the manufacture of German silver ware. It would take a hundred such factories as that in New Jersey to supply the demand, but in order to protect that one factory the price of everything into which nickel enters is increased forty per cent. to every consumer in the United States. And this, forsooth, is protecting American industry.

"Take another illustration. There is one place in the United States where the stone used for grindstones is found and dressed. It is near Cleveland, Ohio. It would require fifty such quarries to supply the demand of the country. But this 'American industry' must be protected, and in order to enable a single establishment to reap large profits, a tariff of ten dollars a ton is put upon grindstones that come from Nova Scotia. 'If you don't put them in,' says the grindstone member, 'I'll vote against the bill.' 'All right,' says New England, 'if you'll swallow the rest of the bill we can afford that.' And so it goes."

This is the bill for which the Radicals of the Pennsylvania Legislature instructed our State members of Congress to vote. The Democrats in the Legislature refused to vote to instruct upon such a bill, for the reasons above given, and because it taxes the poor heavily upon all they eat, use and wear, and reduces the luxuries used only by the wealthy. It is well known that the tariff in question is only intended for the few at the expense of the many. Those who are in the Radical Rump ring, or have money enough to pay for protection, will get protection, and not otherwise. By this bill the masses of the people will be robbed of millions of dollars annually, without being able to make good their losses by any means within their power.

RADICAL LOVE FOR THE SOLDIERS.

Private Miles O'Reiley, General Halpine, of New York, writing to his paper from Washington City, says:

The Senate in its eagerness to slaughter Mr. Johnson's *proteges*, is making a mighty bad record for itself in regard to "Our Boys who Wore the Blue." It has rejected scores of noble and deserving soldiers for no other reason than that their names had been sent in for various places by the President—as if, because Mr. Johnson may be wrong in some points, his sins were possessed of so foul a contagion as to blast and sully the brightest record of men who did gallant service during the war. Take the case of young Major Howe, formerly of the "Bloody Sixth Massachusetts," and for years a confidential and trusted staff officer of Maj. Gen. Sedgwick; yet even he when sent in for Collector of the Eighth Massachusetts District, is rejected! So also with Gen. Pratt, of Brooklyn, who travels round at this writing with a minnie ball somewhere hidden in his neck, and whose record cannot be surpassed. So likewise with Gen. Eagan; and so on with nearly two score of faithful and patriotic appointees, distinguished graduates of the army, who have been kicked by the Senate off the ladder upon which Mr. Johnson strove to place their feet. A full record of these rejections is now being prepared by Mr. Hanscombe, of the *Republican*—the personal and army history of each officer being given after his name; and when this shall come to be published and used oratorically as a campaign document, it certainly will do the reverse of good to the Radicals as represented in the Senate—the reverse of injury to the President.

THE EXTRAVAGANCE OF CONGRESS.

The New York *Tribune* says:

Congress has a Retrenchment Committee, but what expenses are retrenched? Nearly every day some bill is offered to help drain the Treasury, and prevent what the people most need—reduction of taxation and liquidation of the debt.

It is fortunate that Democratic newspapers are saved from all trouble of devising accusations against the revolutionary majority of Congress which is now arrogantly setting itself up as "the government." If we had made the above sweeping charge of extravagance, it would have been pronounced "a copperhead lie." When we take it from the leading Radical organ of the country it cannot be denied. It is true beyond a doubt. Never was there such extravagance and corruption as now exist in Congress. The money wrung from the tax-burthened masses is recklessly squandered by a set of fanatics who are doing all they can to prevent a restoration of the Union and a return of peace and prosperity. How much longer will the people of the North submit to be made the dupes of such a crew?—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

BEWARE.

The tariff bill has gone to the House. It is, as we have shown by exact figures, one of the most oppressive and unequal revenue bills ever devised. It lays exceedingly heavy burdens upon the articles consumed by the poor and the workingmen, and their wives and children, and favors the rich in every way. We once more warn members of the House of Representatives not to vote for this bill unless they are sure that it will be defeated. If it becomes a law and goes into operation, it will, as it ought to, kill politically every man who votes for it.—*N. Y. Post, (rep.)*

☞One of the two or three dozen culprits pardoned by Governor Curtin during the last week of his administration, was a Republican politician named Straw, who was serving a seven year term in the penitentiary, having been convicted of forgery. Two days after his release from prison he attempted to commit a similar crime on a bank at Harrisburg. He was again arrested, and is now in jail at Harrisburg, and this time he will have to apply to the "ignoramus" Geary for a pardon.

☞The Boston negro "lawyer," Bradley, was arrested at Savannah, Georgia, on the 31st, by the United States authorities. He is accused of instigating the recent revolt among the negroes in South Carolina.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

A GOOD COW.—Mr. Robert M. Dicks, the accommodating hotel-keeper at Hampton, informs us that he has a cow which recently yielded *seventeen pounds and six ounces of butter in one week!* Can this be beaten in the county? The cow is a Devon and was purchased by Mr. Dicks from Gibson Myers. We hope the public will have an opportunity of seeing this valuable animal at the Agricultural Fair in Gettysburg next fall.

FIRE.—The house and barn on the farm belonging to the estate of Samuel Gilliland, deceased, but recently articled for by Dr. C. E. Gottlieborough, situated about five miles north of this place, in Straban township, were destroyed by fire on Wednesday night last, about 1 o'clock. The house was occupied by Noah F. Hersh and Ephraim Yeagy, both of whom lost nearly all their household furniture. Mr. Hersh's stock was rescued from the burning barn, but two cows and a calf belonging to Mr. Yeagy were consumed. The fire is supposed to have originated from the smoke house. There was no insurance, and the loss bears heavily upon all the sufferers.

SALES.—Simon Codori has purchased the property of John Martin, in York street, at $1,100. Mr. C. talks of improving the house—and if commenced, we are sure it will be well done.

S. B. Bowe, of Clearfield, has purchased of C. J. Tyson the property now occupied by the latter, in Chambersburg street, at $3,000 cash.

C. J. Tyson has purchased the property of Rev. Dr. Hay, in the western suburb of town, at $3,000. It is Mr. T's. intention to improve it, and we may look for something very tasteful.

Philip Redding, Esq., has purchased the half lot of ground belonging to Catharine Neinstedt, on High street, with a view to the immediate erection of a fine residence thereon.

Daniel Benner, Sr., has sold 9 acres of land, with improvements, on the Bonaughtown road, one and a half miles east of Gettysburg, to Lewis Krichten, at $1,000 cash.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.—The contemplated Building Association promises to be a thorough success. That class of persons for whose special benefit these organizations are generally gotten up, are manifesting a lively concern in this movement, and promise to go into it with a will. This is all that is necessary to give the association a proper start, and it but needs such a commencement to realize all the anticipations of its projectors. We understand that By-Laws are being framed, after the most tried and approved models, and that an application for incorporation will be made to Court on the 26th inst.

RESIGNATIONS.—Mr. T. D. Carson, on Tuesday last, resigned the Cashiership of the Gettysburg National Bank, the resignation to take effect on the first of May next, when he intends to remove to Philadelphia, where his superior qualifications will doubtless command more for his services than the Gettysburg National can afford to pay. During his connection with this institution he has discharged his responsible duties in the most efficient and acceptable manner, and will retire with the well-deserved reputation of a first-class Cashier.

Col. John H. McClellan, for upwards of thirty years the Teller of this old Bank, has also resigned, the condition of his health rendering such a step necessary. He, too, made a good officer, discharging the duties of his post faithfully and to the satisfaction of the management and the public. We understand that Col. McClellan will be succeeded by Mr. Bear, of the Hanover Saving Fund, who comes well recommended, and will take the desk to-morrow.

The retiring Cashier and Teller go out with the regrets of the public generally, a fact highly complimentary to them. The Board will endeavor to have their places acceptably filled.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—A heart-rending casualty occurred in Dallastown, seven miles from York, on Monday week. Smith Ayers went down an old well, fifty-nine feet deep, the walls of which were much dilapidated, for the purpose of bringing up the bucket, which had accidentally fallen in. Whilst ascending the well, a large portion of the wall suddenly caved in, and he was buried beneath its ruins. The alarm at once spread throughout the neighborhood, and the people gathered in large numbers, all eager to rescue the unfortunate man from his perilous position. As many went to work as possible, and after laboring from two o'clock on Monday until about four on Tuesday afternoon, the debris was removed and Ayers reached. He was found dead, and the body considerably bruised. There were six or seven feet of water in the well, and the body was in it up to about the middle. The deceased was 19 years of age, and highly esteemed.

NICE PRESENT.—John Lehman, Esq., of Penora, Iowa, but formerly of this county, week before last, expressed to his old friend, Hon. J. B. Danner, of this place, a dozen large and plump Prairie Chickens—with the request that the editor of the COMPILER be treated to a pair. Of course we received them, and they were disposed of with a keenness of enjoyment which indicated the warmest gratitude to the generous and considerate donor.

Mr. Danner joins us in an expression of thanks to you, John, and will probably not object to being coupled in the wish that Prairie Chickens may never get scarce about Penora.

☞At the request of several patrons, who have heard of, but not seen, it, we publish, on our first page, the "strange story" in regard to the horrible murder committed by Markley, in our neighboring county of Frederick, Md., nearly forty years ago, which recently appeared in the Cincinnati *Commercial*, over the signature of "Medicus." Though very plausibly written, several of our older inhabitants, who still have a tolerably clear recollection of the atrocious crime and its horrible details, have no faith in it. The writer certainly commits a damaging blunder when he gives the name of the murdered family as *Markley*. It was *Nyacy*. The story will, however, be generally read, and with interest by many.

☞Rev. T. T. Titus, of Springfield, Ohio, has been elected pastor of the Lutheran Church at Hagerstown.

A SAD COME TO GRIEF.—About six or eight weeks ago, a young man, genteelly dressed, made his appearance at the hotel of Ex-Sheriff McGrath, in this place, and registered his name as Dr. Long, of Philadelphia. He remained at the hotel until one night last week, when he decamped. Sometime in the evening he removed his baggage clandestinely, and about 12 o'clock attempted to let himself out of the house by a false key, but, on being discovered, hastily retreated to his room, followed by Mr. McGrath, who demanded immediate payment of his bill. On failure to respond to this peremptory demand, he was locked in his room, but sometime during the night effected his escape by picking the lock and letting himself down from the balcony by means of the sheet of his bed. His escape was discovered soon thereafter, and pursuit made, but without success. The Sheriff, however, secured the trunk of the rascal at Seller's Hotel, where it had been left for transportation to Gettysburg. The gentleman has since been arrested in Gettysburg, and incarcerated in the jail at that place, on a charge of having robbed the Waynesboro' Postoffice some months since. We learn that he figured in the latter place as Mr. Clarke, a teacher of penmanship, and left about the time of the robbery.—*Chambersburg Spirit.*

Clarke has been taken to Chambersburg for trial.

A FATAL OCCURRENCE.—On Thursday last, a music teacher, whose name we have not learned, whilst traveling from Dover, this county, to East Berlin, met with a fatal accident under the following circumstances:—It appears that when near Raffensperger's store, about three miles from Berlin, he stopped and engaged in a conversation with several men who were felling a tree. The tree soon fell, breaking in its descent a limb of another tree, which struck the stranger on the head, causing instant death. One dollar and sixty cents were found on his person, but no writings to show who he was.—*Hanover Citizen.*

A LONG FAST.—A weak-minded man, named Wilhide, residing near Mechanicstown, Md., imagining himself sick, stopped eating, and for thirty days did not taste a morsel of food. On the 31st he commenced to eat again, but being refused as much as he desired, became indignant, and declared that unless he got as much as he wanted, he would eat nothing. This was several weeks ago, since which we have heard nothing about him—but suspect that he has concluded to accept "half a loaf rather than no bread."

☞The house and barn of Joseph McKinney, near Mercersburg, Franklin co., were destroyed by fire, on the morning of the 2nd inst. Cause, hot ashes in an out-house adjoining the dwelling.

The barn on the farm of Dr. C. M. Nes, four miles from York, was consumed on Wednesday week. Four cows and a heifer perished in the flames. Origin not known.

COMMITTED.—Basel Little has been committed to jail on the charge of stealing forty dollars from Mr. Morgan at Littlestown.

WARE! WARE! WARE!—We are now prepared to sell Ware of every kind, wholesale and retail, on better terms than are offered in or out of the cities. We import our own Queensware, and buy our Glassware from the manufacturers. The expense of conducting our business is as one to ten compared with city wholesale dealers, and, our word for it, we will give those who buy from us a large share of the difference. Please call and examine our very large stock.

WM. BLAIR & SON,
"South End," Carlisle, Pa.
Feb. 18, 1867. 3t*

☞The pending tariff bill imposes a duty on salt, which costs six cents per bushel when imported, of twenty-five cents per bushel in bulk and thirty cents in bags, which, it is said, will amount to prohibition. This will not only destroy a large revenue now derived by the Government, and deprive ship owners of an important branch of the carrying trade, but it will bring up the price of that commodity upon consumers, because domestic producers will at once add to their prices the full amount of the duty. New York State will be most benefited by this arrangement, next after which will be the New England States.

☞On Saturday week the bill erecting the Territory of Nebraska into a State, which had been vetoed by the President, was passed over the veto, in both Houses of Congress, by more than a two-third vote.

☞Southern papers announce the death of the "immortal J. N." Free—where, is not stated.

☞The Boston *Post* compares the Republican party to a pawnbroker's shop, full of unredeemed pledges.

Married.

On Tuesday, the 12th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, in Cumberland township, by Rev. Mr. Bridenbaugh, Mr. JACOB C. HERBST, of Gettysburg, to Miss SARAH A. SOCKS.

We congratulate our young friends who have thus wisely united themselves in "the silken tie that binds two willing hearts." May they live to a good old age, in the enjoyment of health and prosperity, and their pathway of matrimonial existence be strewn with thornless flowers.

On the 12th inst., in this place, by Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich, Mr. JACOB HARNER to Miss JULIA ANN GREENHOLT, both of Germany twp.

On the same day, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the same, Mr. JOHN GAINER, of Illinois, to Miss ANNIE F. REILING, of Cumberland township.

On the 14th inst., in this place, by the same, Mr. ANDREW V. WEIKERT, of Cumberland township, to Miss LIZZIE MONSHOUR, of Frederick city, Md.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. JOHN PLANK to Mrs. MARGARET TRIMMER, both of Straban township.

On the 14th inst., by Rev. M. Bushman, Mr. EDWARD MORITZ to Miss MAGGIE MILLER, both of Straban township.

On the 12th inst., at the house of Mr. Joseph Wolff, by Rev. D. W. Wolff, Mr. ABRAHAM HOFFMAN, of Menallen township, to Miss SUSAN WERT, of Butler township.

On the 31st ult., near Hunterstown, by Rev. D. M. Blackwelder, Mr. DAVID FEESER, of Straban township, to Miss LYDIA E. HUMMER, of Tyrone township.

On the 10th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the same, Mr. WM. M. HOWER to Miss ELIZA J. DEARDORFF, both of this county.

On the 7th inst., at the house of the bride's father, by Rev. M. Snyder Mr. JACOB HARTZEL to Miss HANNAH CATHARINE TROSTEL, both of this county.

On the 5th inst., by Rev. Mr. Hauer, Mr. JESSE FERRY, of York county, to Miss AMANDA, daughter of Michael Lavenstine, of this county.

Died,

On Saturday morning last, near this place, of disease of the heart, Miss ELIZA MACKLEY, aged 21 years 4 months and 18 days.

Near Wabash, Indiana, on the 16th of January last, of inflammatory rheumatism, Miss HENRIETTA, daughter of Samuel Hoover, formerly of this county, aged 17 years 7 months and 4 days.

On the 19th ult., in Tiffin, Ohio, Mrs. MAGDALENE LOTT, widow of Cornelius Lott, deceased, aged about 72 years.

On the 12th inst., HARRY Y. SCHRIVER, son of John V. and S. A. Schriver, aged 6 years 4 months and 24 days.

Special Notice Column.

Frightful Execution!

is done upon thousands of grey heads, by endeavoring to darken them with metallic dyes that

SCORCH AND BLAST

the fibres from tip to root. Avoid these horrible

DISFIGURING AGENTS,

and use only the great toilet staple of America,

CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR DYE,

which not only instantaneously produces all shades of black and brown, but also nourishes, strengthens and beautifies the hair. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers.
Jan. 28, 1867. 1m

Allcock's Porous Plasters.

Allentown, Penn., April 4, 1865.

Messrs. T. ALLCOCK & Co.:

Dear Sirs:—My daughter used one of your Porous Plasters. She had a very bad pain in her side, and it cured her in one week.

JOHN V. N. HUNTER.

We refer to the

FORTY THOUSAND DRUGGISTS

who sell our Plasters, as to their high sterling qualities.

ALLCOCK & CO., Agency, Brandreth House, New York. Sold by all Druggists.
Jan. 28, 1867. 1m

To Owners of Horses.

Thousands of Horses die yearly from Colic. This need not be. Dr. Tobias' Venitian Horse Liniment will positively cure every case, if given when first taken. The cost is only one dollar. Every owner of a horse should have a bottle in his stable, ready for use. It is warranted superior to anything else for the cure of Cuts, Wind Galls, Swellings, Sore Throat, Spavins, Bruises, Old Sores, &c. This Liniment is no new remedy. It has been used and approved of for 19 years by the first horsemen in the country. Given to an over-driven horse, it acts like magic. Orders are constantly received from the racing stables of England for it. The celebrated Hiram Woodruff, of trotting fame, has used it for years, and says it is far superior to any other he has tried. He kindly permits me to refer to him. His address is East New York, Long Island. Recollect, Dr. Tobias' Venitian Horse Liniment is put up in pint bottles. Take no other. Sold by the Druggists and Saddlers. Depot, 56 Courtlandt Street, New York.
[Jan. 7, 1867. 7w

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease.

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other expectorant is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While any may benefit, the utmost security from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charges made for examination.
Sept. 24, 1866. 1y

To Consumptives,

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription FREE by return mail, will please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings co., New York.
Mar. 5, 1866. 1y

Wonderful but True!

MADAME REMINGTON, the world renowned Astrologist and Somnambulistic Clairvoyant, while in a clairvoyant state, delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of hers, she powders, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a perfect and life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, with date of marriage, occupation, leading traits of character, &c. This is no imposition, as testimonials without number can assert. By stating place of birth, age, disposition, color of eyes and hair, and enclosing fifty cents, and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture by return mail, together with desired information.

Address in confidence, MADAME GERTRUDE REMINGTON, P. O. Box 297, West Troy, N. Y.
Sept. 24, 1866. 6m

Strange, but True.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge,) by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN,
Mar. 5, '66. 1y 841 Broadway, N. Y

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh.

Treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 19 PINE street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charges made for examination.
Sept. 24, 1866. 1y

Marriage and Celibacy.

AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION TO YOUNG MEN. Also, Diseases and Abuses which permanently prostrate the Vital Powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge, in sealed envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. (Dec. 3, 1866. 1y*

PERSONS wishing PHOTOGRAPHS of their children will find it to their advantage to call at the Excelsior.

C. J. TYSON, Gettysburg, Pa.

ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS will buy a pair of nice, fine, patent leather tipped SALMORAL SHOES, for ladies; at the Store of H. B. WOODS.

Latest Market Reports.

GETTYSBURG.		
FLOUR,	12 50 @	13 00
RYE FLOUR,		5 00
WHITE WHEAT,	2 25 @	2 75
RED WHEAT,	2 00 @	2 50
CORN,		72
RYE,		1 00
OATS,		40
BUCKWHEAT,	55 @	60
HAY,	10 00 @	15 00
CLOVERSEED,	7 50 @	7 75
FLAXSEED,		2 00
PORK,	7 50 @	8 00
BALTIMORE.		
FLOUR,	10 75 @	11 25
WHEAT,	2 70 @	3 25
RYE,	1 20 @	1 25
CORN,	92 @	96
OATS,	57 @	58
HOGS, ₹ hund.,	10 50 @	11 50
BEEF CATTLE, ₹ hund.,	11 00 @	13 00
HAY,	26 00 @	28 00
CLOVERSEED,	8 50 @	8 75
WHISKEY,	2 25 @	2 30

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On TUESDAY, the 19th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, half a mile south of Mount Rock, and near the State road from Gettysburg to Hanover, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

2 head of WORK HORSES, 3 Three-year-ling Colts, (2 of them a perfect match,) 7 head of Milch Cows, (3 of them will be fresh by time of sale,) 3 Heifers, 1 Bull, 8 fine Shoats, 1 Sow with Pigs, 5 Sheep, 2 Four-horse Wagons, (one a Broad-tread, nearly new, and the other a Narrow-tread,) Stone Bed, Hay Carriages, Hay Ladders, Wood Ladders, Feed Trough, 1 One-horse Wagon, Threshing Machine and Horse Power, (the thresher being new,) 1 Buckeye Reaper, Patent Wire Rake, Grain Drill, Clod Roller, Sled, 2 Harrows, Cultivator, 2 Ploughs, Corn Forks, Single and Double-trees, Three-horse-tree, Rolling Screen, Rakes, Pitch Forks, Manure Forks, Snaking Forks, Patent Cutting Box, lot of Grain Bags, 2 sets of Breech bands, 2 sets of Front Gears, Log Chain, Fifth Chain, Halters and Chains, lot of Cow Chains, Wagon Saddle, Blind Bridles and Collars, Jack Screw, Mattocks, Picks, 2 Knapping Hammers, Dung Hook, with other farming implements. Also Cooking Stove and Pipe, 1 Table, 1 Wool-wheel, 1 Patent Churn, lot of Bacon, with a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

SAMUEL SHORB.

JACOB KLUNK, Auctioneer.
Feb. 18, 1867. ts*

Public Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of FEBRUARY inst., the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in New Chester, Adams county, the following Personal Property, viz:

2 head of HORSES, (one of which is a mare with foal,) 1 yearling Colt, 1 Cow, 1 Two and Three-horse Wagon and Bed, as good as new, Spring Wagon, Hay Ladders, Sleigh, Plough, Cultivator, Shovel Plough, Horse Rake, Winnowing Mill, 2 sets of Harness, 4 Collars, Housings, 2 Leather Fly-nets, Hitching Straps, Leather Check Lines, Straps for lines and bridle reins, also some new Harness Leather, suitable for reins, lines, &c., to be sold by the piece, with Ten-plate Stove and Pipe, 2 Bedsteads, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

ADAM GERRICH.

JACOB KLUNK, Auctioneer.
Feb. 4, 1867. ts*

Public Sale.

ON THURSDAY, the 21st of FEBRUARY inst., the subscriber, intending to remove, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, formerly Samuel Elker's, in Highland township, Adams county, on the Gettysburg and Millerstown road, the following personal property, viz:

1 FALLING-TOP BUGGY, 1 Cow, (will be fresh in a short time,) 3 Sheep, 1 Sow and 8 Pigs, 3 Bedsteads, 2 Tables, 3 sets of Chairs, 1 Rocking Chair, 2 Corner Cupboards, 3 Stoves, 1 Cook Stove and Fixtures, 1 Tin-plate Stove and Pipe, 1 Parlor Stove, 1 Tray, Pots, Kettles and Pans, Tubs, Buckets and Barrels; also a full set of Blacksmith Tools, with a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

FRANKLIN SANDERS.

RUBEN GOLDEN, Auctioneer.
Feb. 4, 1867. ts

Public Sale

OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On MONDAY, the 4th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Union township, Adams county, 2 miles east of Littlestown, near Christ Church, the following valuable personal property, viz:

4 head of young WORK HORSES, 1 one-and-a-half year old Colt, 2 one-year old Colts, 6 Milch Cows, 4 Heifers, 3 Bulls, 9 Sheep, 3 Brood Sows, 5 Shoats, 1 Broad tread Four-horse Wagon, 1 Narrow-tread Four-horse Wagon, 1 One-horse Wagon, Wagon Bed, Wood Ladders, Hay Ladders, Hay Carriages, Dung Boards, Rockaway Buggy, Sleigh, Threshing Machine with Double Shaker and Horse Power, 1 Spring Rake, 1 Land Roller, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Grain Drill, 3 Ploughs, 2 Harrows, Cultivator, Corn Forks, Shovel Ploughs, Log Chains, Fifth Chain, Single and Double-trees, 2 Spreaders, Wagon Saddle, 2 sets of Hind Gears, 4 sets of Front Gears, Collars, Bridles, Halters, Chains, Butt Traces, Breast Chains, Cow Chains, Rakes, Forks, Grain Cradles, Mowing Scythes, a lot of Bags, Potatoes by the bushel, &c.; with Household and Kitchen Furniture, viz:

BEDS, Bedstead-, Kitchen Cupboard, Chest, Chairs, Cooking Stove, Parlor Stove, Clothes Cupboard, Carpeting, Tubs, Barrels, and a large variety of other articles.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

ADAM GERRICH.

JACOB KLUNK, Auctioneer.
Feb. 4, 1867. ts*

Public Sale

OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit housekeeping, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, on the road leading from Kohler's mill to Irishtown, (Adams county,) and a short distance from the latter place,

A LOT OF GROUND, whereon are erected a one and a half story LOG HOUSE, Weather-boarded Stone Out-kitchen, Stable, Shed, Frame Barn, Corn Crib, Hog Pen, and all other necessary outbuildings; also a good well of water near the door. At the same time and place will be sold, ANOTHER LOT OF GROUND, containing 4 Acres and 67 Perches, adjoining lands of Joseph Felix, Patrick Dougherty, and others. The land is in a good state of cultivation, having been recently well limed.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold, 2 young MILCH COWS, (will be fresh about the time of sale,) and 2 Shoats. Also Beds, Bedsteads and Bedding, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Kitchen Furniture, &c.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

GEORGE EHRENHART.

Feb. 18, 1867. ts

Three Tracts of Land

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On TUESDAY, the 5th day of MARCH next, the Directors of the Poor of Adams county will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following TRACTS OF LAND:

No. 1.—Three Acres and twenty-two Perches of cleared Bottom Land, situate in Straban township, on the east bank of Rock creek, adjoining lands of Josiah Benner and David Sheaffer. Will make a good meadow.

No. 2.—Three Acres and one hundred and forty-nine Perches of cleared land, situate in Cumberland township, adjoining lands of David Wisler, Michael Miller and others.

No. 3.—Five Acres and two Perches of cleared land, situate in Cumberland township, adjoining No. 2, David Wisler and others.

No. 1 will be offered at 2 o'clock, P. M., and Nos. 2 and 3 at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Terms made known on day of sale.

JOHN N. GRAFF,
JOHN NUNNEMAKER,
JOHN HAHN,
Directors of the Poor.

A. W. FLEMMING, Asst.
Feb. 18, 1867. ts

Bounty Account.

SETTLEMENT made the 12th day of January, 1867, of the Bounty Fund of CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP.

Dr.		
Monies borrowed for filling quotas from Banks and different parties,		$28,118 65
Cr.		
Cost of 47 volunteers for two drafts,	$26,500 00	
Total expense of board and travel,	583 00	
Borrowed money returned to Fahnestock Bros.,	1,000 00	
Interest paid to Levi M. Plank,	35 65	
		$28,118 65
MONIES RECEIVED AND PAID OUT BY FRANCIS BREAM, TREASURER.		
Dr.		
Received of L. A. Bushman, Tax Collector,	$5,907 42	
Received of I. Deardorff and C. Schriver, Collectors,	4,917 00	
Borrowed from Jonas Rebert,	1,200 00	
" " Francis Bream,	1,100 00	
Subscription money received from C. Schriver and C. Daugherty,	608 45	
Subscription money received from C. Daugherty,	300 00	
Subscription money received from S. A. Coleman and others,	550 00	
Subscription money received from A. Plank,	220 00	
Subscription money received from J. Q. Allen,	535 00	
		$15,342 87
Cr.		
By monies paid in Bank and to other persons,	$15,128 53	
Treasurer's percentage,	73 00	
Balance in hands of Treasurer,	141 34	
		$15,342 87
Monies subscribed and paid for the purpose of bounty allowed by the Act of Assembly,	$4,835 00	

Personal Property

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On THURSDAY, the 21st day of MARCH next, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Mount Pleasant township, Adams county, about 2½ miles from Littlestown, and within ½ of a mile of the Gettysburg turnpike, the following personal property, viz:

4 head of HORSES, one a mare with foal, 5 Milch Cows, 2 Bulls, 6 Young Cattle, 13 Sheep, 2 Brood Sows, 10 Shoats, 1 four-horse broad-tread Wagon and Lime Bed, 1 four-horse narrow-tread Wagon with Stone Bed, Hay Carriages and Ladders, 1 NEW BUCKEYE REAPER, with Self-raker attached, 1 new Threshing Machine, with Double Shaker, (rod machine,) Grain Drill, Corn Planter, Ploughs, corn forks, corn sheller, cloverseed huller, cutting box, horse gears, wagon and riding saddles, bridles, collars, 1 set of carriage harness, fifth chain, log chain, halter and cow chains, jack-screw, and other farming implements. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, viz: 4 BEDSTEADS, 4 tables, 1 safe, 1 clock, 1 cook stove and fixtures, 1 parlor stove, 2 spinning wheels, wool wheel, churns, barrels, tubs, meat vessels, pots, kettles and pans, with a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. ☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

PIUS P. FINK.

Feb. 11, 1867.* [Jacob Klunk, Auct'r.

Large Sale

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of MARCH next, the subscribers, Executors of the Will of Jacob Sheely, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of said deceased, in Franklin township, Adams county, on the old Menallen road, about 1 mile northeast of Cashtown, the following personal property, viz:

6 good WORK HORSES, 2 Colts, 7 Cows, 3 head of Fat Cattle, 8 head of Young Cattle, 23 Sheep, besides a number of Lambs, 1 Brood Sow, 12 Shoats, 1 broad-tread four-horse Wagon, three-inch tire, 1 narrow-tread Wagon, 1 Log Wagon, 1 Cart, good Lime Bed, Hay Carriage, Wood Ladders, Dung Boards, 1 new Falling-top Buggy and Harness, Threshing Machine, Spring Rake, Corn Fodder Cutter, Grain Drill, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, 5 Ploughs, 3 Harrows, Cultivator, Corn Forks, 3 Double Shovel Ploughs, 1 Shingle-an Corn Planter, Spreaders, Single and Double-trees, Jack Screw, Jack Arter, Log Chains, Fifth Chain, Butt Chains, Breast Chains, Cow Chains, 2 sets Hind Gears, 5 sets of Front Gears, 2 sets Plough Gears, Wagon Saddle, Bridles, Halters, Housings, Collars, Wagon Whip, 1 Cross-cut Saw, Hand and Wood Saws, Axes, Mattocks, Picks, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, 1 complete set of Blacksmith's Tools, with Anvil and Vice, lot of old Iron, Maul and Wedges, 2 new Greencastle Grain Cradles, Cider Barrels, Meat Vessels, Copper Kettle, lot of Grain Bags, lot of Apple Butter, lot of Books, 1 eight day Clock, 1 Ten-plate Stove, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

AARON SHEELY,
JAMES McILVAIN,
Executors.

JOHN HANES, Auctioneer.

Feb. 11, 1867.

Personal Property

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On THURSDAY, the 7th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at his residence, in Hamiltonban twp., Adams county, half a mile from Fairfield, the following valuable personal property, viz:

3 HORSES, 3 Mules, 2 colts, 2 three-inch tread Wagons, 1 bed, bows and cover, 2 one-horse Spring Wagons, 1 two-horse Wagon Box, 1 Carriage, 1 McCormick Reaper, 1 spring-tooth Rake, 1 gum-spring Drill, 1 pair of Bow Ladders, 1 pair of Hay Ladders, 1 pair of Wood Ladders, ploughs, harrows, single and double-shovel ploughs, single and double-trees, Threshing Machine, winnowing mill, 2 sets of breechbands, 3 sets of front gears, 2 sets of mule harness, wagon saddles, 1 set of carriage harness, 3 sets of dy-nets, collars, bridles and halters; 1 anvil, 1 vice, hammers, tongs, a large lot of iron and metal, 150 bushels of charcoal, a lot of other chains, wheelbarrow, fifth chain, 30 tons of HAY, 500 bushels of ears of CORN, a lot of ½ inch Poplar Boards, 500 Locust Posts, for post and board fence, 800 Locust Stakes; 3 Bedsteads, 1 Corner Cupboard, 1 twenty-four hour Clock, with other articles too numerous to mention

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

WILLIAM CULP.

Feb. 11, 1867. [Jacob Mickley, Auct'r.

Public Sale.

ON TUESDAY, the 5th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Straban township, Adams county, 2½ miles west of Hunterstown, near the road to Mummasburg, the following valuable personal property, viz:

4 YOUNG HORSES, 3 Cows, one fresh about time of sale, 5 head of Young Cattle, 1 a two-year old Bull, 1 four-horse Wagon, with bed and hay carriage, 1 good Rockaway Carriage, for one or two horses, with Spread, 1 spring wire-tooth Hay Rake, winnowing mill, 2 ploughs, harrows, 2 cultivators, double and single-trees, stretchers, 4 flax brakes, scutching mill, rolling screen and cutting box, 1 set of carriage harness, breechbands, backbands, cruppers, collars, bridles, traces, butt chains, log chains, forks, rakes, shovels, and a large variety of other articles too numerous to mention. ☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

Feb. 11, 1867.* EPHRAIM SCHRIVER.

Public Sale.

ON MONDAY, the 11th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to remove to Gettysburg, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Franklin township, Adams co., one mile south of Arendtsville, the following personal property, viz:

2 WORK HORSES, 1 two-yearling Colt, 3 Cows, 2 Heifers, 1 three-horse broad-tread Wagon, nearly new, 1 Spring Wagon, 1 Rockaway Buggy, ploughs, harrows, double and single shovel ploughs, corn fork, wheelbarrow, all nearly new, 2 sets of breechbands, collars and bridles, halters and cow chains, 1 large grindstone and fixtures, grain cradle, scythes and snaths, forks, rakes; 3 scaps of bees, ten-plate stove and pipe, large iron kettle, barrels, boxes, vinegar, and a lot of other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

ADAM W. MINTER.

Feb. 11, 1867. [John Hanes, Auct'r.

Public Sale.

ON TUESDAY, the 12th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Cashtown, Adams county, the following personal property, viz:

3 head of HORSES, 1 of them a mare with foal, 4 Milch Cows, 2 Bulls, 6 Young Cattle, 13 Sheep, 2 Brood Sows, 10 Shoats, 1 four-horse broad-tread Wagon and Lime Bed, Hay Carriages and Ladders, 1 NEW BUCKEYE REAPER, with Self-raker attached, 1 new Threshing Machine, with Double Shaker, (rod machine,) Grain Drill, Corn Planter, Ploughs, corn forks, corn sheller, cloverseed huller, cutting box, horse gears, wagon and riding saddles, bridles, collars, 1 set of carriage harness, fifth chain, log chain, halter and cow chains, jack-screw, and other farming implements. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, viz: 2 TABLES, 1 Corner Cupboard, 1 24-hour clock, book case, 1 cook stove and fixtures, 1 parlor stove and pipe, copper and iron kettles, iron pots, lard cans, queensware, tinware and crockeryware, with other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M. on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by MICHAEL B. MILLER.

February 11, 1867.

Public Sale.

ON TUESDAY, the 5th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Franklin township, Adams county, one mile south of Arendtsville, the following valuable personal property, viz:

3 good WORK HORSES, 1 pair of Mules, 3 Milch Cows, 1 fine Bull, a lot of Young Cattle, 1 narrow-tread four-horse Wagon, 1 two-horse Wagon, Lime Bed, Small Wagon Bed, hind and front Gears, Hay Carriage, 1 pair of Wood Ladders, 1 Wood Sled, Collars and Bridles, Halters, Traces, 3 good Lines, Log Chains, Cow Chains, Ploughs, Harrows, 1 Winnowing Mill, Double and Single Shovel Ploughs, Spreaders, Double and Single-trees, Rakes, Forks, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY LADY.

Feb. 4, 1867. ts

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On FRIDAY, the 1st day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to remove to a smaller farm, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, on Elias Hartman's farm, in Franklin township, Adams county, on the old Berlin road, about one mile south of Arendtsville, the following valuable personal property, viz:

4 head of WORK HORSES, 2 two-year old Colts, 4 Cows, 2 Bulls, 2 Heifers, 12 head of Sheep, 2 Brood Sows with Pig, 8 Shoats, 1 narrow-tread four-horse Wagon, 1 three-inch-tread four-horse Wagon, nearly new, Ploughs, Harrows, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs, Single and Double-trees, Spreaders, Horse Gears, Saddles, Collars and Halters, Log Chain, Fifth Chain, Corn and Oats by the bushel, with a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

ANDREW CLUCK.

JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer.

Feb. 4, 1867. ts

Personal Property.

PUBLIC SALE.—On FRIDAY, the 1st day of MARCH next, the subscribers, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at their residence, in Butler township, Adams county, on Opossum creek, near Bicker's mill, 1 mile south of Centre Mills, the following personal property, viz:

4 elegant WORK HORSES, (one of them a fine brood mare,) 1 No. 1 three-year old Tuscarlane Mare Colt, 1 yearling Colt, 3 Cows, (2 will be fresh by the time of sale,) 1 Devon Bull, 10 Sheep, 1 extra Brood Sow, of the Chester white breed, 5 Shoats, 2 four-horse Wagons, 2 ploughs, 3 harrows, 2 double shovel ploughs, 2 single shovel ploughs, 1 corn fork, 1 corn coverer, 1 wire-tooth horse rake, drag rake, winnowing mill, patent cutting box, new hay carriage, 18 feet long hay ladders, climbing ladders, from 10 to 30 feet long, wood ladders, dung boards, 1 two-horse stretcher, 1 one-horse stretcher, double and single-trees, jockey sticks; 1 seeder plough, a lot of shaking forks, 2 clover cradles, hand rakes, new feed trough, wheelbarrow, log chains, butt traces, breast chains, halter and cow chains, a full set of horse gears for four horses, 2 sets of breechbands, 2 sets of front gears, 4 sets of plough gears with long traces, collars, blind bridles, choke strap, wagon saddle, wagon whip, four-horse lines, and lines of every kind, 4 sets of housings, axes, mattocks, (these things are all in a manner new.) Also Household and Kitchen Furniture, viz: 1 large KITCHEN DRESSER, Ten-plate Stove and Pipe, large Meat Vessel, and many other articles too numerous to mention. ☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

CONRAD DULL,
JESSE DULL.

Feb. 11, 1867.* [John Hanes, Auct'r,

County Normal School.

AT the earnest request of many Teachers and others, the subscriber will open a TEACHERS' INSTITUTE, or COUNTY NORMAL SCHOOL, in GETTYSBURG, on TUESDAY, APRIL 2d, to continue in session thirteen (13) weeks. The School will be open to students of both sexes, but only a limited number can be received.

There is great need of such a School in our county, and it is hoped that young persons, especially, who wish to qualify themselves for teaching in our Common Schools, will avail themselves of this opportunity of doing so at a moderate expense. The course of studies will embrace the branches enumerated in the Provisional certificate, and will include, also, Algebra, History, Physiology, Familiar Science, Vocal Music, and Object Lessons.—Weekly exercises in Composition and Declamation will also be held, in one of which all will be required to engage.

Students will be required to submit to weekly reviews of their recitations, and to a public examination at the close of the term.

As the specific aim and object of this School will be to qualify young persons for the position of instructors, lectures on the Theory and Practice of Teaching will be delivered from time to time.

The method of instruction will be a judicious combination of the oral plan with the free use of text-books.

The charge for tuition, for the session, will be $3.00, invariably in advance. The money will be refunded to any one who may be compelled to leave on account of personal sickness.

Each student, on payment of 25 cents, will have the use, during the entire session, of a well selected Library of 1,200 volumes.

Board and Lodging can be had in Boarding Houses and private families at reasonable rates.

Early application should be made.

For further information apply, either in person or by letter, to

AARON SHEELY,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Feb. 11, 1867.

Groceries & Provisions.

THE undersigned continues the Grocery & Provision business, at the old stand of Strickhouser & Wisotzkey, in Baltimore st., Gettysburg, a few doors south of the Court-house, and nearly opposite the Post Office.—His stock is always full, embracing the best of everything. As he sells on slim profits, the more goods are disposed of, and in the end he makes a living anyhow. He asks everybody, from the country as well as the town, to give him a call. His COFFEES, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SALT, FISH, Spices, Teas, Cheese, Starch, Soaps, Candles, Blacking, Matches, Tubs, Buckets, Brooms, Bed Cords; CONFECTIONS, Fruits, Nuts, Segars, Tobaccos, Stationery, &c., &c., can't be beat. Come and see for yourselves, and be convinced.

☞Oysters and Fresh Fish in their season.

W. H. H. WISOTZKEY.

Feb. 11, 1867. tf

I HAVE gone over the entire stock of ALBUMS and FRAMES, at the Excelsior Gallery, and marked them down to within a fraction of cost. Now is your time for bargains. C. J. TYSON.

ANYBODY can have soft hands by using Dr. R. Horner's OLIEN.

Public Sale.

ON TUESDAY, the 12th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to go West, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Straban township, Adams county, on the Harrisburg road, five miles from Gettysburg, and half a mile from Schriver's cross-roads, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

3 HEAD OF HORSES, (one of them an extra fine animal, among the very best in the county, and not to be surpassed under the saddle, in harness or in gears,) 2 Cows, one of them fresh, 3 Sheep, 3 Shoats, 1 Three-horse Wagon, 1 Spring Wagon, a first-rate Lime Bed, new Hay Carriage, Ploughs, Harrows, Corn Forks, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs, Double and Single-trees, Stretchers, Jockey Sticks, Patent Cutting Box, Winnowing Mill, Brant's Patent Wire-tooth Horse Rake, Drag Rake, new Sleigh, Carriage Spread, 2 sets of Single Harness, 3 sets of Wagon Gears, Collars and Bridles, Riding Saddle and Riding Bridles, Check Lines, Plough Lines, and a Four-horse Line, Log Chains, Halter and Cow Chains, 3 sets of Traces, Breast Chains, Butt Chains, with chains of every description; 1 set of Manure Boards, about 300 feet of Walnut Boards, Mowing Scythes and Snaths, Grain Cradles, Maul and Wedges, 2 Axes, Wood Saw, 2 Patent Manure Forks, Pitch Forks, Rakes, Mattocks, Picks, Shovels, Spades, Dung Hook, Grindstone, Wheelbarrow, Work Bench, a lot of old Iron, a lot of Bags, Hay by the ton, one-half of the Grain in the Ground, with Household and Kitchen Furniture, viz: 1 NEW BUREAU, 5 Bedsteads and Bedding, 3 Tables, 2 Corner Cupboards, 3 sets of Chairs, 2 Rocking Chairs, Chest, Desk, Sink, Cooking Stove and Fixtures, Ten-plate Stove and Pipe, Iron Kettle, 3 Wash Boilers, 20 crocks of Apple-butter, 50 lbs. of Lard, a lot of Bacon, Lard Press and Sausage Stuffer, Spinning Wheel, Wool Wheel, Meat Vessels, Churn, Tubs, Barrels, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

NOAH F. HERSH.

Jan. 28, 1867. JOHN HANES, Auctioneer.

Personal Property

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On MONDAY, the 11th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Buchanan Valley, Franklin township, Adams county, the following personal property, viz:

5 head of HORSES, 6 Cows, 1 Heifer, 1 Bull, 1 four-horse broad-tread Wagon, Wagon Bed, Lime Bed, Hay Ladders, 1 good Threshing Machine and horse power, fodder cutter, winnowing mill, cutting box, ploughs and harrows, single and double shovel ploughs, single and double-trees, 3 sets of horse gears, halters and chains, cow chains, grindstone, sledge, crow-bar, forks, rakes, a lot of Chestnut Shingles, &c., with a ten-plate STOVE & PIPE, Table, Bedstead, Chairs, and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by SAMUEL BRADY.

Feb. 11, 1867.* [Jacob Mickley, Auct'r.

Personal Property

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On FRIDAY, the 1st day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Cumberland township, Adams county, four miles from Gettysburg, and immediately south of "Round Top," the following Personal Property, viz:

ONE HORSE, 3 Cows, (all to be fresh about the time of sale,) 3 head of Young Cattle, 1 Brood Sow and 4 Shoats, 1 heavy three-horse Wagon, with a good Lime Bed, 1 two-horse Wagon, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Plough, Double Shovel Plough, Cultivator, Double and Single-trees, Hind and Front Gears, with Collars, Bridles and Wagon Saddle, 1 Riding Saddle and 2 Riding Bridles, Halters and Chains, Cow Chains, Crow-bars, Digging Irons, Mattock, Pick, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, Axes, Grain Cradle, Mowing Scythe, with other Farming Implements. Also, Hay by the ton, Corn-fodder by the bundle. Flax by the bundle; with Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as

BEDS & BEDSTEADS, Tables, Chairs, Bureaus, 1 ten-plate Stove and Pipe; also, Potatoes by the bushel, Apple-Butter by the crock, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN KEEFAUVER.

REUBEN GOLDEN, Auctioneer.

Jan. 14, 1867. ts

Public Sale.

ON THURSDAY, the 28th day of FEBRUARY inst., the subscribers, as Administrators of the estate of Joseph Fink, Sr., deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of said deceased, in Germany township, Adams county, on the Baltimore and Gettysburg turnpike, near Littlestown, the following valuable personal property, viz:

1 GOOD FAMILY HORSE, four years old, 3 Cows, 1 Rockaway Buggy and Harness, 1 one-horse Wagon and Gears, Hay Ladders, 1 Shovel Plough, 1 Corn Fork, 1 Harrow, 1 Wheelbarrow, Crow Bar, Shovels, Hay and Dung Forks, Log Chain, Cow Chains, Halters and Chains, Cross-cut Saw, Hand Saw, and other articles; also 4½ acres of Grain in the Ground, with household and kitchen furniture, viz:

3 BEDSTEADS AND BEDDING, 1 Trundle-bed, 1 Cot, 1 Bureau, 1 Cherry Table, 1 Sofa, 1 Corner Cupboard, 6 Chairs, 2 Tables, 1 Safe, 2 Stands, 1 Desk and Looking Glass, a lot of Carpeting, Stair Carpet, Cook Stove and Fixtures, Parlor Stove and Pipe, Copper Kettle, Iron Kettles, Iron Pots, Dough Tray, Churn, Tin-ware and Crockery-ware, a lot of Bags, 3 Lard Cans, a lot of Barrels, Potatoes by the bushel, 2 Barrels of Vinegar, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

PIUS P. FINK,
JOSEPH FINK, Jr.,
Adm'rs.

JACOB KLUNK, Auctioneer.

Feb. 4, 1867. ts*

Public Sale.

ON THURSDAY, the 28th day of FEBRUARY next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Straban township, Adams county, half a mile southeast of Hann's Station, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

3 head of HORSES, (one a mare with foal,) 3 Milch Cows, (two of them fresh,) 4 head of Young Cattle, 3 Sheep, a good Two-horse Wagon and Bed, a good pair of Hay Carriages, Plough, Corn Fork, Double Shovel Plough, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Land-Roller, Hay Rake, Side Saddle, 2 pair of good Breechbands, Front Gears, Collars, Bridles, Check Lines, Butt Chains, Breast Chains, Halter and Cow Chains, Log Chain, Double and Single-trees, a lot of Bags, &c., with Household and Kitchen Furniture, viz: 1 Table, Ten-plate Stove, 1 Bed and Bedstead, Boxes, Barrels, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY BUCHER.

Jan. 28, 1867.* John Stallsmith, Auct'r.

Notice.

SARAH DOLL'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration pendente lite on the estate of Sarah Doll, late of the borough of Berwick, Adams county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Jackson township, York county, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANDREW SOUDER, Adm'r. pend. lite.

January 28, 1867. 6t

For Sale Cheap.

A FIRST-RATE SAW MILL AND SHINGLE MILL, all in good condition, and plenty of work, with good Water Power—one mile from Herring's Mill, in Franklin township, known as "Diehl's Mill." Possession given April 1st, 1867.

A. M. HUNTER.

Jan. 28, 1867.

DR. HORNER'S FRAGRANT MYRRH preserves the Teeth, cures all diseases of the gums and purifies the breath.

BROOM HANDLES FOR SALE, wholesale or retail, at the Lumber Yard of

C. H. BUEHLER.

Receipts & Expenditures

OF ADAMS COUNTY FOR 1866.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

Agreeably to an Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Raise County Rates and Levies," requiring the Commissioners of the respective counties to publish a Statement of the Receipts and Expenditures yearly, we, the Commissioners of Taxes of said county, report as follows, to wit—from the 5th day of January, 1866, to the 8th day of January, 1867, both days inclusive:

JACOB SHEADS, Esq., Treasurer, and the Commissioners, in account with the county of Adams, as follows:

DR.

To balance in hands of former Treasurer at last settlement,		$3,563 86
Outstanding County Tax and Quit Rents in hands of Collectors,		12,445 84
County Rates and Levies assessed for 1866.		
Borough of Gettysburg,	$1,735 83	
Do. Quit Rents,	175 04	
Cumberland township,	1,435 63	
Huntington "	1,449 01	
Franklin "	1,514 50	
Menallen "	1,197 83	
Straban "	1,691 99	
Hamiltonban "	1,351 87	
Mountpleasant "	1,023 53	
Reading "	1,306 69	
Oxford "	1,455 58	
Hamilton "	1,243 18	
Union "	1,528 78	
Conowago "	1,220 71	
Butler "	982 99	
Latimore "	976 73	
Mountjoy "	1,131 69	
Tyrone "	902 49	
Germany "	780 98	
Berwick "	575 92	
Liberty "	842 26	
Highland "	603 64	
Freedom "	480 21	
Littlestown "	511 43	
Bor. of Berwick, "	327 29	
		27,105 79
Loans from Bank & sundry persons,		6,160 00
Cash from W. A. Duncan, jury fees,		96 32
" Jacob Bushey, coal, balance,		10 00
" Samuel Lilly, "		20 00
" sundry persons for old lumber,		35 89
" John Fowler, for costs,		24 00
Refunded recognizances,		58 00
Exonerated tax from sundry persons,		22 46
Additional tax for 1866,		174 08
		$49,716 24

The outstanding County Tax and Quit Rents appear to be in the hands of the following Collectors, to wit:

Y'rs.	Collectors.	Bor's. & Twps.	Co. tax.	State tax due co.
1862.				
	Rob't McCleaf,†	Hamiltonban,		$10 80
1863.				
	John Slentz,	Gettysburg,		13 38
1864.				
	John Slentz,	Gettysburg,	$63 10	62 92
	Jacob Sourbeer,	Berwick tp.,		28 48
1865.				
	R. Sherfy,	Cumberland,	250 09	
	E. W. Harbaugh,*	Hamilt'ban,	350 51	
	Henry Duttera,†	Huntington,	420 66	
	Jos. Wickersham,†	Menallen,	184 34	
	Henry Slaybaugh,*	Butler,	112 14	
	F. McIntire,*	Liberty,	173 62	
1866.				
	H. D. Wattles,†	Gettysburg,	189 69	
	Do.	Quit Rents.	75 04	
	Henry Bream,†	Cumberland,	522 12	
	Henry Shultz,†	Huntington,	965 76	
	Francis Will,	Franklin,	139 32	
	Michael Bender,†	Menallen,	762 57	
	Fred'k Quiggle,†	Straban,	526 36	
	Robert Watson,	Hamiltonban,	417 71	
	A. Eckenrode,†	Mountpl'sant,	894 58	
	S. Eicholtz,†	Reading,	193 49	
	John Klunk,	Oxford.	310 37	
	Samuel Orndorff,†	Hamilton,	338 80	
	Daniel A. Sell,	Union,	533 73	
	W. Brogunier,†	Conowago,	520 61	
	Henry Slaybaugh,†	Butler,	546 52	
	J. Brenaman,†	Latimore,	335 51	
	D. A. Cownover,†	Mountjoy,	304 01	
	F. H. Ebert,†	Tyrone,	370 67	
	Samuel Harner,†	Germany,	266 64	
	Jacob Hull,	Berwick tp.,	141 18	
	John Nunnemaker,†	Liberty,	278 01	
	T. Blocher,	Littlestown,	137 92	
	T. Pflieger,†	Berwick bor.,	161 83	
			10,492 69	115 58

Outstanding County Bounty.

1864.	John Slentz, Gettysburg,	$122 76
"	Jacob Sourbeer, Berwick tp.,	25 46
		148 22

☞Those marked thus * have paid in full since settlement, and those marked thus † have paid in part.

CR.

By orders paid out, as follows, to wit:	
By auditing and settling public acc'ts,	$48 00
J. C. Neely, Esq., appointed by Court to audit public offices,	25 00
Printing, blanks, &c.,	552 87
Sheriff's bills of Court costs,	1,556 62
Clerk's pay,	500 00
Abatement to Collectors of 5 per ct.,	1,388 16
Fox and wildcat scalps,	31 00
General Jury and Tip-staves' pay,	1,673 69
Assessor's pay,	567 40
Wood and coal for public buildings,	518 62
Repairs at public buildings,	161 50
Grand Jurys' pay,	501 77
Register, Prothonotary and Clerk of Sessions' fees,	150 75
Tax refunded to sundry persons,	77 83
Certificates of Constables' returns,	96 46
Treasurer of Alms-house,	14,200 00
Counsel fees,	75 00
Postage and stationery,	54 81
Notes and interest paid Bank and sundry persons,	4,777 89
S. March, Esq., Commissioner's pay,	302 50
Abraham Krise, " "	302 50
Samuel Wolf, " "	302 50
District Attorney's fees,	429 00
Justice and Constable fees for committing vagrants,	18 44
Keeping prisoners at Eastern Penitentiary,	97 57
Bedding and clothing for Jail,	137 15
Material and work at Jail Cistern,	46 12
Fahnestock Bros., goods, &c., for Jail,	37 14
Justices' fees for holding inquisitions,	41 05
Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal, post mortem examination of the body of J. Hamilton,	30 00
M. McKinney, election laws for 1866,	12 00
Orphan's Court,	48 25
J. A. Walter, county bounty due 1862,	50 00
John McGlaughlin, " "	50 00
Jos. Sullivan, " "	50 00
D. Reesman, " "	50 00
Railroad Company,	13 45
George Arnold, Esq., revenue stamps,	5 35
Israel Yount, boarding Jury,	28 00
George Wiant, assessment books,	38 00
Expressage,	2 55
Adams County Agricultural Society,	100 00
Gas Company,	11 00
Michael Rupp, Court-house Keeper,	35 00
W. F. Murphy & Son, dockets for public offices,	47 00
Special Court,	432 18
N. Weaver, returning stolen horse, (reward paid by county,)	20 00
E. Carmack, " "	21 80
J. M. Pittenturf, in full on contract of Conowago bridge,	1,449 00
New wooden bridge across Rock creek at Benner's,	588 68
New bridge at Kohler's mill,	200 00
John Scott, Brig. Inspector, amount received out of county funds, by act of Assembly, 1866,	446 00
Officers' pay at Spring elections,	407 93
" " Fall elections,	537 43
Repairs at bridges,	372 52
Road damages,	183 00
Jacob Troxel, former Treasurer, error in Collectors' accounts,	270 38
Jacob Sheads, Treasurer, amount paid out of county funds on State quota,	276 12
Adam Rebert, Sheriff, for summoning jurors,	97 20
Directors of the Poor pay,	60 00
Collector's fees,	2,259 45
Exonerations to Collectors,	568 16
Outstanding tax and quit rents in hands of Collectors,	10,492 69
Treasurer's salary,	692 08
Balance in hands of Treasurer,	1,099 68
	$49,716 24

[Seal.] In testimony that the foregoing statement of the Receipts and Expenditures exhibited at the office of the Treasurer of said county, is a correct and true copy, as taken from and compared with the originals remaining in the books in this office, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed the seal of said office, at Gettysburg, the eighth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

A. KRISE,
S. WOLF,
N. WIESMAN,
Commissioners of Adams county.

Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county.

We, the undersigned, duly elected Auditors to settle and adjust the Public Accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of said county, having been sworn or affirmed agreeably to law, do report the following to be a general statement of said accounts, from the 5th day of January, A. D. 1867, both days inclusive:

Jacob Sheads, Esq., Treasurer, and Commissioners, in account with the county of Adams.

DR.

To balance in hands of former Treasurer at last settlement,		$3,563 86
Outstanding county tax and quit rents in hands of Collectors,		12,445 84
Amount of county tax and quit rents assessed for 1866,	27,105 79	
Loans from Bank & sundry persons,	6,160 00	
Cash from W. A. Duncan, Esq., jury fees,	96 32	
" Jacob Bushey, Esq., for coal, balance,	10 00	
" Samuel Lilly, Esq., "	20 00	
" for old lumber,	35 89	
" John Fowler, costs,	24 00	
Refunded recognizance,	58 00	
Exonerated tax from sundry persons,	22 46	
Additional tax for 1866,	174 08	
	49,716 24	

CR.

By outstanding taxes for 1864,	$63 10
" " 1865,	1,490 76
" " 1866,	8,938 83
" Fees for 1859,	90 00
" " 1863,	63 44
" " 1864,	470 33
" " 1865,	1,576 33
" " 1866,	59 35
" Exonerations for 1859,	100 00
" " 1863,	11 72
" " 1864,	120 03
" " 1865,	319 90
" " 1866,	7 51
Disbursements on county orders,	34,604 18
Treasurer's commission,	692 08
Balance due county by Treasurer,	1,099 68
	49,716 24

STATE TAXES DUE COUNTY.

DR.

To amount of outstanding 2½ mill State tax,	$911 38
" ½ mill State tax,	76 48
" State tax assessed for 1866,	2,861 60
" paid out of county funds on State quota,	276 12
	4,125 58

CR.

By outstanding 2½ mill State tax for 1866,	$115 58
Fees allowed Collectors for 1866 and previous years,	214 36
Exonerations " "	145 78
Outstanding ½ mill State tax for 1862 and '63,	48 12
Fees allowed Collectors " "	7 64
Exonerations " "	47
Paid State Treasurer, as per receipt July 3, 1866,	3,137 72
Balance due county by Treasurer,	455 91
	4,125 58

RELIEF & MILITARY FUNDS.

DR.

To outstanding military fines for 1865,	$83 52
" relief " 1862,	135 70
Balance due Treasurer by county,	97 88
	317 10

CR.

By outstanding military for 1866,	$37 02
Fees allowed Collectors for said year,	8
Exonerations " "	144 00
Outstanding relief funds for 1866,	135 70
	317 10

COUNTY BOUNTY.

DR.

To outstanding county bounty for 1865,	$1,194 14

CR.

By outstanding county bounty for 1866,	$148 22
Fees allowed Collectors "	336 52
Exonerations " "	35 61
Balance due county by Treasurer,	673 79
	1,194 14

We, the undersigned, Auditors of the county of Adams, Pennsylvania, elected and sworn in pursuance of law, do report, that we met, did audit, settle and adjust, according to law, the account of the Treasurer and Commissioners of said county, commencing on the fifth day of January, A. D. 1866, and ending on the eighth day of January, A. D. 1867, both days inclusive—that said account, as settled above and entered of record in Settlement Book in the Commissioners' office of Adams county, is correct, and that we find a balance due to the county of Adams by Jacob Sheads, Esq., Treasurer of said county, of one thousand and ninety-nine dollars and sixty-eight cents, ($1,099 68;) also on State taxes due county, a balance due county by Treasurer of four hundred and fifty-five dollars and ninety-one cents, ($455 91;) also on county bounty a balance due county by Treasurer of six hundred and seventy-three dollars and seventy-nine cents, ($673 79;) also on relief fund a balance due Treasurer by county of ninety-seven dollars and eighty-eight cents, ($97 88;) and in outstanding county taxes ten thousand four hundred and ninety-two dollars and eighty-eight cents, ($10,492 88.)

JOSEPH BURKER,
J. C. PITTENTURF,
H. L. BREAM,
Auditors.

Feb. 4, 1867. 4t

Empire

SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINES are superior to all others for FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.

Contain all the latest improvements; are speedy; noiseless; durable; and easy to work.

Illustrated Circulars free. Agents wanted. Liberal discount

Great Attraction

AT BRINKERHOFF'S CHEAP CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE, at the North East Corner of the Diamond. The subscriber is constantly in receipt of fresh goods from the Eastern cities. His stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

is one of the largest and most attractive, as well as the cheapest establishment of the kind in the country. You will there find COATS, PANTS AND VESTS, made up in the most fashionable styles, and of the best materials, of all sizes and prices, for men and boys.—Gentlemen's furnishing goods of every description, Wool Shirts, Muslin Shirts, Hickory Shirts and Merino Shirts, Merino, Wool and Cotton Drawers, Hosiery of every description, Buck-skin, Merino and Cotton Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. Umbrellas, Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, Clothes and Shoe Brushes, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Shoe Blacking, Pocket and Dressing Combs, Ivory Combs, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Violins and Violin Strings, Soaps and Perfumeries, Stationery of all kinds, Pocket Knives, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, an extra quality of Segars. In fact, his stock embraces everything usually found in a first class furnishing store. I invite the attention of all to come and see for themselves, as I am determined to sell goods lower than any other establishment in the country. Don't forget the place. Corner of York street and the Diamond. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

July 4, 1864.

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.

Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; A. Heintzelman, Franklin; Wm. D. Hines, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban township; John Wolford, Latimore township; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban township; John Cunningham, Freedom township; John Horner, Mountjoy township; Wm. Ross White, Liberty township.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 15 years, and in that period has made but *one* assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $13,088—$6,789 of which have been paid during the last two years. Any person desiring an insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Oct. 16, 1865. tf

NEW FIRM,

AT THE OLD STAND.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I have associated with me, in business, my son, John F. McCreary, under the firm and style of D. McCreary & Son, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known stand on Baltimore street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage. DAVID McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Saddles,	Side Leathers,
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,	Hames, all kinds, with or without fastenings
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Housings,
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths,	Scotch Collars (leather)
Wagon Saddles,	" " (tucking)
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black,	No Seam Collars,
rounded or flat,	Best Walt Harness Collars,
Martingals,	Patent Leather Collars,
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,	stitched or unstitched
Heavy Draft Harness,	Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½ and 5 feet long,
Blind Bridles,	Plaited Team Whips,
Girths,	Trotting Whips,
Crappers,	Ladies' Riding Twigs,
	Whip Lashes,
	Horse Blankets,
	&c., &c., &c.

In short, everything that pertains to a first class general horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in this establishment for the last thirty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draft and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves, as our work cannot fail to recommend itself.

D. McCREARY & SON.

Feb. 5, 1866. tf

Gettysburg Foundry.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters; PLOUGHS,

such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Sidehill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses,

IRON RAILING

for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE.—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, and a Spring Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.

April 30, 1866. tf

Fresh Arrival.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

COBEAN & CO.

have just received and opened another splendid assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, for Summer wear, which they are selling at very low prices considering the times. The latest styles of Summer Hats and Caps, of every description and price. Boots and Shoes, of superior make, and warranted to fit, always on hand. Work made to order and repairing done on short notice, by experienced workmen. Also,

HARNESS MAKING,

carried on in all its branches. Persons wanting anything in this line would do well to call. ☞Don't forget the old stand in Chambersburg street, if you want Bargains.

COBEAN & CRAWFORD.

June 19, 1865.

Saddling.

THE undersigned has commenced the SADDLING and HARNESS-MAKING business, on the East side in Baltimore street, in the building formerly occupied by D. Sweeney as a Chairmaker's shop, up-stairs, where he asks those wanting anything in his line to call. Work done in the best manner, and prices moderate. HARNESS REPAIRED at short notice. A lot of new Saddles and Harness on hand.

J. M. ROWE.

Gettysburg, Jan. 25, 1866. 3m

Western Lands.

THE subscriber has some valuable WESTERN LANDS, which he will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and very desirable for farming. Early application desired.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

Gettysburg, April 3, 1865. tf

QUEENSWARE, Notions, Dry Goods, &c., in great variety, at DUPHORN & HOFFMAN'S, northwest corner of the Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

Kissinger & Shireman,

NO. 8 WEST MARKET STREET, YORK, PA.,

AGENTS AND DEALERS IN

PIANOS AND CABINET ORGANS,

MELODEONS,

AND ALL KINDS OF

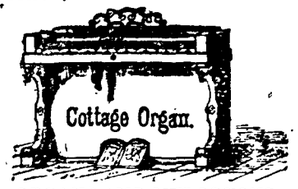
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to furnish Pianos of the following manufacture or of any other make that may be preferred:

Albright, Botkes & Schmidt, Chickering & Son, Bradbury, Knabe & Son, Gale & Son,

ESTEY'S CELEBRATED

COTTAGE, HARMONIC AND BOUDOIR



ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

These Instruments stand unrivalled by any thing found in this Country or in Europe, as is admitted by all impartial judges. The most eminent Pipe Organ Builders and Performers, the last to discover excellence in reed Tone, pronounce them vastly superior to all others for exceedingly quick articulation and round Tone, the essential feature in instruments of this class. We invite the severe scrutiny and criticism of all.

PATENT VOX HUMANA TREMOLO.

This late and most wonderful invention (so acknowledged by all leading artists) will be found only in the Estey Instruments. In attempting to describe the effect of this stop, we are at loss for language. Its beauties cannot be written, but must be heard to be appreciated. By this stop an ordinary performer can produce an effect which requires a lifetime of practice for an artist upon a violin. It easily changes the reed Tone, giving the sympathetic sweetness of the human voice, making it so melodious and pure that it never fails to enchant the listener.

THE HARMONIC ORGAN

for Churches, Public Halls and Parlors has a powerful sub-Bass with independent reeds, Harmonic attachment and Vox Humana Tremolo, and is believed to be the most powerful reed organ made, being nearly equal to a Pipe Organ of three times the cost.

All instruments warranted for five years.

☞BRASS BANDS supplied with instruments and music at reasonable terms.

A liberal discount allowed for Churches and Sabbath Schools.

☞Instructions given both in Vocal and Instrumental Music, at our rooms, and at pupils' homes, either to individuals or classes, on reasonable terms.

Dec. 17, 1866. tf

Duphorn & Hoffman.

NEW STORE.

ON THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF THE DIAMOND, GETTYSBURG.

(*Known as Hoke's Corner.*)

DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CARPETS, QUEENSWARE, &C.,

all of which have been bought at the lowest market prices and will be sold accordingly. Give them a call. No trouble to show Goods.

F. D. DUPHORN,
S. W. HOFFMAN.

Oct. 5, 1866.

NEW GOODS.

GEORGE ARNOLD has now got up his fall stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

mostly of his own manufacture, consisting of Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

A large stock of CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES, all of which will be sold cheap for cash. Call and see them.

Oct. 5, 1866.

Flour! Feed! and Groceries!

AT THE CHEAP STORE ON THE HILL. If you wish to buy any of the above articles cheaper and better than you can get them anywhere else, go to the Grocery Store of the undersigned on the Hill, in Baltimore street, where customers can always be accommodated, and where all are invited to call and see for themselves. The public will always find a full and choice assortment of

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, SNUFFS, FISH, BACON, LARD, CHEESE, CRACKERS, BUTTER, EGGS, &c.

—ALSO—

GLASS-WARE, CROCKERY-WARE, NOTIONS, &C., COAL OIL LAMPS, FISH OIL, AND FLOUR AND FEED, ALWAYS ON HAND.

WANTED.—Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, and Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid, either in trade or cash.

☞Being determined to conduct my business in a fair and honorable way, and to sell cheap, I invite all to give me a call.

HENRY OVERDEER.

April 9, 1866. tf

Groceries, Notions, &c.

GEORGE H. SWOPE, having purchased the fine GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT of James A. Grimes, on York street, a few doors east of Wolf's Hotel, and having added largely to the already extensive assortment on hand, offers the public a variety of Goods in his line rarely, if ever before, kept here.

His SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, &c., can't be beat, in quality or price; whilst his assortment of NOTIONS embraces almost everything the public can possibly need. House-keepers and others should give him a call before buying elsewhere, as he is convinced that he has the best stock in town, and that no one can go away disappointed.

☞The CABINET-MAKING business is continued, in all its branches, at the old stand, a few doors east of the Store. No efforts spared to please the public, as heretofore.

Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1866. tf

Inauguration

OF LOW PRICES.

J. L. SCHICK invites the attention of his friends and customers to his large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS

Comprised in part of

French Merinoes,
All Wool Poplins,
All Wool Delaines,
All Wool Plaids,
Plain Poplins,
Black and Fancy Silks,
Tamise Cloths,
Black and Colored Alpacas,
Black Cloths and Cassimeres,
Fancy Cassimeres,
Cashmeta,
Jeans,
Flannels of all kinds,
Gloves and Stockings.

Also, a fine lot of Ladies' FURS AND SHAWLS, as well as an abundant variety of Notions, all of which will be sold cheap for the cash. J. L. SCHICK.

Dec. 17, 1866.

Established in 1845,

HENRY W. OVERMAN,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
AND
DEALER IN LEATHER,
No. 14 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

☞Consignments solicited.

Dec. 10, 1866. 1y*

Hay Wanted.

THE undersigned will pay the highest market prices for HAY. Inquire at Spangler's Warehouse, Gettysburg.

STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY.

Nov. 23, 1866. tf

NONE but first-rate PICTURES are allowed to be taken from the Excelsior Gallery. Samples shown before the order is filled.

C. J. TYSON.

LADIES wanting a good article of Perfumery, Fancy Soap, or Hair Brushes, can be supplied at J. L. SCHICK'S.

SHELL-BARKS AND DRIED FRUIT wanted at KALBFLEISCH'S.

SWAN'S store is the place to get all kinds of Groceries CHEAP

Hardware & Groceries.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS

SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS, OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this Store.—Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 16, 1864.

Lancaster Book Bindery,

GEORGE WIANT,
BOOK BINDER,
AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,
LANCASTER, PA.

Plain and Ornamental Binding, of every description, executed in the most substantial and approved styles.

REFERENCES.

E. W. Brown, Esq., Farmers Bank of Lancaster
W. L. Peiper, Esq., Lancaster County Bank
Samuel Shock, Esq., Columbia Bank.
Samuel Wagner, Esq., York Bank.
William Wagner, Esq., York County Bank.
T. D. Carson, Esq., Bank of Gettysburg.
Peter Martin, Esq., Proth'y of Lancaster co., Pa
Geo. C. Hawthorn, Esq., Register " "
Geo. Whitson, Esq., Recorder " "

April 15, 1861

New Warehouse.

100,000 BUSHELS OF GRAIN WANTED, at the new Grain and Produce House, in Carlisle street, adjoining Shends & Buehler's establishment. The highest market price will always be paid in cash for

GRAIN, of all kinds,
FLOUR, SEEDS, &c.

Always on hand and for sale, at the smallest profits,

GUANOS,
SALT, FISH,
GROCERIES, &c.,
Wholesale and retail.

TRY US! We shall do our best to give satisfaction in all cases.

McCURDY & DIEHL.

Gettysburg, May 11, 1863. 1y

Grocery & Liquor Store.

A FIRST-RATE ASSORTMENT of GROCERIES, cheap. FISH of different kinds. large lot of

POTOMAC HERRING,

at low price. The best and largest assortment of LIQUORS ever kept in this place. PURE WINE, BRANDY, RYE WHISKEY, &C., for medicinal and other purposes, in quantities large or small. Also—

MISHLER'S CELEBRATED HERB BITTERS.

WM. J. MARTIN,
Baltimore st., Gettysburg.

May 28, 1866.

Fresh Confectionery

AND ICE CREAM SALOON.—The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity that he has a Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies, and every description of Confections, together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits, always on hand.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction.

Call and see his Confectionery.

May 28, 1866. tf JOHN GRUEL.

Carriages and Buggies.

TATE & CULP

are now building a variety of

COACH WORK

of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any, either in or out of the cities.

All we ask is an inspection of our work to convince those in want of any kind of vehicle, that this is the place to buy them.

REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give us a call, at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg.

P. J. TATE. WM. E. CULP.

Mar. 19, 1866.

New Bakery!

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER, Mechanical Bakers, South Washington street, half square from the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, Pa.—Constantly on hand, the best of BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, PRETZELS, &c. Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please Give us a call! [April 20, '63. tf

Sale Crying.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction. Charges moderate. Residence in Breckinridge street, Gettysburg.

P. S.—He is a licensed Auctioneer, under the Tax Law of the United States.

Nov. 24, 1862.

Noah Walker & Co.,

CLOTHIERS,

WASHINGTON BUILDING,
165 AND 167 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE,

keep constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of all kinds of goods at moderate prices.

They supply orders for the finest to the lowest priced articles, either ready made or made to measure, to any part of the country.

They keep also an extensive stock of FURNISHING GOODS, embracing every article of Gentlemen's Under-wear. Also, MILITARY CLOTHS and every variety of Military Trimmings, as well as an assorted stock of READY MADE MILITARY GOODS.

Baltimore, Feb. 22, 1864.

Pay Up!

THE undersigned having retired from business, he asks those indebted to make payment with as little delay as possible. Such as do not settle before the first of January next, will find their accounts in the hands of an officer for collection.

JOSEPH S. GILLESPIE.

Gettysburg, Nov. 26, 1866.

AGENTS WANTED.

$25.00 BARTLETT'S SEWING MACHINES. $25.00

Fully Licensed. Exclusive territory given. Pay from $20 to $200 per month. For terms, Illustrated Circulars, &c., address with stamp, either office. PAGE BROTHERS, Gen'l Agents, 251 Summit St., Toledo, O. 611 Chestnut St., Phila., Penn.

AGENTS WANTED.

Dec. 3, 1866. 3m

Wanted,

A GOOD FARM.

ANY person having a good Farm for sale, and will take in part payment, one or more tracts of

FIRST-RATE WESTERN LAND,

well located, near Railroads, Schools, Churches, County Towns, &c., may find a purchaser by applying at this office.

June 18, 1866. tf

THE best PHOTOGRAPHS made in this county, are made at the Excelsior Gallery, Gettysburg, opposite the Bank.

Singer's Celebrated.

THE very best and latest improved machine in use, for sale at the CLOTHING STORE of JACOBS & BRO., in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, where you can buy the best and cheapest Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, and every variety of goods in the line of

MEN AND BOYS WEAR.

You can have them cut out and made up in the very best style if you wish, at moderate prices, and without any risk whatever.

GEO. JACOBS & BRO.

August 20, 1866.

A (Bitter) Acrostic.

RESPECTFULLY Dedicated to the Proprietor of the Great Zingari, by a late Dyspeptic.

Far away from the pyramids of Egypt he came,
Restoring the sick, and healing the lame;
A cure for the cholera, that dreadful disease;
Heaven sent him on earth the dyspeptic to ease.
There are those who were troubled with fever and chills,
E'en they took but one bottle and were cured of their ills,
Resolved that in future, if ever they shake,
Such pleasant, nice Bitters—no other they take.
Get a bottle if troubled with nervous debility;
Rahter says it will cure; just try its ability.
Essence of life, then, to young and to old:
A certain preventive from coughs and colds.
Try it all, who are troubled with a weak appetite,
Zest is given by these (Bitters), if only used right;
In scrotula, colic, or a bad diarrhœa,
None who've tried it of either have any more fear.
Great tidings is this, then, for rich and for poor;
A bottle can be had for a dollar (and more—
Rahter gives it to those unable to pay).
In no case of sickness will he turn them away.

F. RAHTER'S GREAT ZINGARI.

WHAT THE ZINGARI BITTERS HAVE DONE.—We publish the following for the benefit of the afflicted everywhere:

"I suffered for a long time of Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, and frequent attacks of Liver Complaint. Often the sufferings were so great that life was almost intolerable. I tried several eminent physicians, and most of the popular remedies recommended for such complaints, but found little relief until a few weeks ago I commenced the use of F. Rahter's Great Zingari Bitters, and am now perfectly cured." HENRY HULL.

Harrisburg City, Pa., Sept. 8, 1866.

Personally appeared the above named Henry Hull, and made oath in due form that the facts are true as above stated.

A. C. SMITH, Notary Public.

☞For sale by G. F. Kalbfleisch and W. J. Martin, Gettysburg.

Nov. 12, 1866.

Removal!

THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street, and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,

of every size and description, executed in the finest style. Particular attention given to the CARTE DE VISITE, and to copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture, which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience.—SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in

GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.

Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the County, and we would therefore invite every one to call at the

NEW GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves. LEVI MUMPER.

June 25, 1866.

$1,500 Per Year! WE want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20. Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under and upper feed.—Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap machines are infringements, and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.

May 21, 1866. 1sly

New Lumber Yard.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, near Guinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg, and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half inch BOARDS, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

JACOB SHEADS.

Oct. 29, 1866. tf

Lawrence D. Dietz & Co.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FANCY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HOSIERY and
VARIETIES,

No. 308 West Baltimore Street,
Between Howard & Liberty Streets,
May 7, 1866. Baltimore, Md.

The Far Famed

"UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER."—Besides the great saving of Labor, the saving in the wear and tear of clothing in a single year, more than amounts to the price of this Wringer. It is strange that any family should be willing to do without it. For sale at FAHNESTOCK BROS and at C. H. BUEHLER'S [Feb. 19.

John W. Tipton,

FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-east corner of the Diamond, (next door to McClellan's Hotel,) Gettysburg, Pa. where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also excellent assistance and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call. Dec. 3, 1866.

Coal and Lumber,

OF every variety, at the Yard of

C. H. BUEHLER,
Feb. 19. Cor. Carlisle and Railroad sts.

Bark Wanted.

THE subscriber will pay FIVE DOLLARS per CORD for BLACK OAK BARK, delivered at his Tannery, in Gettysburg.

JOHN RUPP.

June 18, 1866.

U. S. BONDS.

THE First National Bank of Gettysburg will cash 5-20 and 10-40 U. S. Bonds; also 7-30 and Compound Interest Notes.

GEORGE ARNOLD, Cashier.

Oct. 6, 1866. tf

IN my absence, there will always be a thoroughly competent operator in charge of the Excelsior Gallery, and work of all kinds and under all circumstances must give satisfaction before it can leave our Rooms.

C. J. TYSON.

SUGAR CURED HAMS.—A fresh supply just received. A prime article and for sale cheap by STRICKHOUSER & WISOTZKEY.

Great Excitement!

A MAJORITY of those who read Newspapers never give a hasty glance at a business advertisement, and if a

MAN

actually has the best, the prettiest and the cheapest goods in all creation, actually selling them at break-down prices—too 'ew heed the fact for their own interest, therefore we have

FOUND

it best to simply invite every body to call and examine our stock and prices before buying one dollar's worth elsewhere, for I can and will make it to the interest of all those who are not

DEAD

to their true interest and who wish to save money, therefore to buy everything

IN

the line of good and cheap clothing at my store, where there has just been received a most magnificent assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, consisting of Overcoats, Dress Coats, Business Coats, Pants and Vests of all kinds, Overshirts and Undershirts, Stockings, Suspenders, Cravats and Notions, Clocks, Musical Instruments, and many other things in my line, all of which I am selling at very low prices. Call on F. B. PICKING, Baltimore street, near the public Square,

GETTYSBURG.

Oct. 29, 1866.

A Lecture to Young Men.

JUST published, in a sealed envelope.—Price 6 cents. A Lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves, from his own experience, that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without Medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougles, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands. Sent under seal to any address, in a plain, sealed envelope, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also Dr. Culverwell's Marriage Guide, price 25 cents. Address

CHAS. S. C. KLINE & Co.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box 4586.

April 23, 1866. 1y

Benefit to Farmers!

MORO PHILLIPS'

GENUINE

IMPROVED SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME

For Sale at Manufacturer's Depots:

27 N. Front St., between Market & Arch, PHILADELPHIA.

14 Bowley's Wharf, and 35 South St., BALTIMORE, MD.

Congress having repealed the Internal Revenue Law taxing Fertilizers six per cent., I beg leave to inform the Farmers that from this day the same per centage will be taken off the retail price of MORO PHILLIPS' SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME, viz: $60 00, less 6 per cent., making the retail price now $56 40 per ton of 2,000 lbs., in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Discount to Dealers.

MORO PHILLIPS,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Aug. 13, 1866.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he continues the BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS, at his shop, lately Philip Doersom's, adjoining Trozel's paint shop, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where he will at all times be prepared to do Blacksmithing work to Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, &c. That he knows how to do all jobs of the kind will not be questioned by those who have a knowledge of his long experience at the business. Come on with your work, and you will be satisfied when you take it away—and for which he will receive Cash or Country Produce.

ADAM HOLTZWORTH

Mar. 20, 1865. tf

Cheap for Cash!

NEW STORE!

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

THE undersigned has returned to Gettysburg, and opened a new Store, on Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court-House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of GROCERIES,—Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Salt, &c.; with Fish, Bacon, Lard, and so on.

Also, LIQUORS—Wines, Brandies, Gins, Whiskies, Rums, and everything else in the line.

Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH.

April 23, 1866.

Everhart's

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

CORNER OF HOWARD & FRANKLIN STREETS,

BALTIMORE, MD.

This House is on a direct line between the Northern Central and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Depots. It has been refitted and comfortably arranged for the convenience and the entertainment of guests.

Nov. 20, 1865. tf

Lime & Coal.

GUINN & REILLY have erected two additional Lime Kilns, on the Railroad, and are therefore better prepared than ever to supply the best of LIME, in large or small quantities. Farmers and others can hereafter look for a more prompt filling of their orders, and are invited to extend and continue their favors to a firm which is making every effort to accommodate them in the best manner possible.

They will also continue to keep on hand, for sale, a good supply of the different kinds of COAL, which they will sell at small profits.

Coal and Lime delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

May 14, 1866. tf

Carriage-making Business.

THE war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,

at their old stand, in East Middle street, GETTYSBURG,

where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞REPAIRING

done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1865. tf

Cooking Stoves

OF every variety, including the "Noble Cook," "Royal Cook," "Waverly," "Ornamental," "Oriental," &c. Also, Tin-ware, Sheet-iron-ware, Hollow-ware, and every variety of Kitchen Furniture—including a variety of Lanterns. Also, a new and much improved Flour Sifter, for sale by

C. H. BUEHLER,
Corner of Carlisle and Railroad sts.,
Feb. 19, 1866. Gettysburg, Pa.

A SUPERIOR quality of the best Louden Draft HAMES, with or without fastenings, for sale by D. McCREARY & SON.

BARGAINS—Picking has received his new Goods. Now is the time to secure bargains. Call and see them.

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS, or Old Homestead Tonic, at Dr. R. HORNER'S Drug Store.

TRY Dr. R. HORNER'S Tonic and Alterative Powders, for HORSES and CATTLE, Prepared and sold only at his Drug Store.

January 25, 1864.

THE

PERUVIAN SYRUP

IS A PROTECTED SOLUTION OF THE

Protoxide of Iron,

a new discovery in medicine which STRIKES AT THE ROOT OF DISEASE, by supplying the Blood with its VITAL PRINCIPLE, OR LIFE ELEMENT—IRON.

This is the secret of the wonderful success of this remedy in curing

DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, DROPSY, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, BOILS, Nervous Affections, Chills and Fevers, Humors, Loss of Constitutional Vigor, Disease of the Kidneys and Bladder, Female Complaints, and all diseases originating in A BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, or accompanied by DEBILITY, OR A LOW STATE OF THE SYSTEM.

Being free from Alcohol in any form, its energizing effects are not followed by corresponding reaction, but are permanent, infusing strength, vigor and new life into all parts of the system, and building up an IRON CONSTITUTION.

DYSPEPSIA AND DEBILITY.

From the Venerable Archdeacon Scott, D. D.

DUNHAM, Canada East, March 24, 1865.

* * * "I am an inveterate Dyspeptic of more than 25 years' standing."

* * * "I have been so wonderfully benefitted in the three short weeks during which I have used the Peruvian Syrup, that I can scarcely persuade myself of the reality. People who have known me are astonished at the change. I am widely known, and can but recommend to others that which has done so much for me."

One of the most DISTINGUISHED JURISTS in New England writes to a friend as follows:

"I have tried the PERUVIAN SYRUP, and the result fully sustains your prediction. It has made a NEW MAN of me; infused into my system new vigor and energy; I am no longer tremulous and debilitated, as when you last saw me, but stronger, heartier, and with larger capacity for labor, mental and physical, than at any time during the last five years."

An EMINENT DIVINE of Boston, says:

"I have been using the PERUVIAN SYRUP for some time past; it gives me new vigor, buoyancy of spirits, elasticity of muscle."

☞THOUSANDS have been changed by the use of this remedy; from weak, sickly, suffering creatures, to strong, healthy, and happy men and women; and invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

A pamphlet of 32 pages, containing certificates of cures and recommendations from some of the most eminent physicians, clergymen, and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

☞See that each bottle has PERUVIAN SYRUP blown in the glass.

FOR SALE BY

J. P. Dinsmore, Proprietor,
36 Dey Street, New York,
AND BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

SCROFULA.

All Medical Men agree that IODINE is the BEST REMEDY for Scrofula and all kindred diseases ever discovered. The difficulty has been to obtain a PURE SOLUTION of it.

DR. H. ANDRES'

IODINE WATER,

Is a Pure Solution of Iodine, WITHOUT A SOLVENT!!

A most Powerful Vitalizing Agent and Restorative.

It will cure SCROFULA in all its manifold forms.

ULCERS, CANCERS, SYPHILIS, SALT RHEUM;

and it has been used with astonishing success in cases of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Female Complaints, Heart, Liver and Kidney Diseases, &c.

Circulars will be sent FREE to any address.

Price $1.00 a bottle, or 6 for $5.00.

Prepared by Dr. H. ANDERS, Physician and Chemist.

FOR SALE BY

J. P. Dinsmore, 36 Dey Street, New York,
AND BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

WISTAR'S BALSAM

OF

WILD CHERRY

HAS BEEN USED FOR NEARLY

HALF A CENTURY,

WITH THE MOST ASTONISHING SUCCESS IN CURING

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, and every affection of THE THROAT, LUNGS, AND CHEST.

CONSUMPTION,

which carries off more victims than any other disease, and which baffles the skill of the physicians to a greater extent than any other malady, often

YIELDS TO THIS REMEDY

when all others prove ineffectual.

AS A MEDICINE,

rapid in relief, soothing in effect, safe in its operation,

☞IT IS UNSURPASSED!☜

while as a preparation, free from noxious ingredients, poisons or minerals; uniting skill science and medical knowledge; combining all that is valuable in the vegetable kingdom for this class of disease, it is

INCOMPARABLE!

and is entitled to, merits and receives the general confidence of the public.

SEYMOUR THATCHER, M. D.,

of Hermon, N. Y., writes as follows:

"WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY gives universal satisfaction. It seems to cure a Cough by loosening and cleansing the lungs, and allaying irritation, thus REMOVING THE CAUSE, instead of drying up the cough and leaving the cause behind. I consider the Balsam as good as any, if not the best, Cough medicine with which I am acquainted."

The Rev. JACOB SECHLER, of Hanover, Pa., well known and much respected among the German population of this country, makes the following statement for the benefit of the afflicted:

Dear Sirs:—Having realized in my family important benefits from the use of your valuable preparation—WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY—it affords me pleasure to recommend it to the public. Some eight years ago one of my daughters seemed to be in a decline, and little hopes of her recovery were entertained. I then procured a bottle of your excellent Balsam, and before she had taken the whole of the contents of the bottle there was a great improvement in her health. I have, in my individual case, made frequent use of your valuable medicine, and have always been benefitted by it.

JACOB S